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GORDON * MAR 14 1982 AINS LEY

CAMPBELL CALIFORNIA

GLADIOLUS

BULBS AND SEEDS

DAHLIAS

Unusual Bulbs and Tuberous Plants...

Water Lilies *

SPRING . 1932



TERMS OF SALE—1932

ORDER EARLY. Send in your orders as soon as possible after receiving catalog to insure prompt delivery. All orders are acknowledged and shipped as soon as received, as far as possible. For bulbs that require late planting, we will advise date when delivery will be made. All bulbs should be planted immediately after receiving them.

DELIVERY. GLADIOLUS will be ready for shipment in December and usually can be supplied until June 1. DAHLIA TUBERS are ready for delivery in March.

OTHER ITEMS in this catalog supplied from Dec. 1 until June 1 unless otherwise specified.

SUBSTITUTIONS. Kindly state a second choice unless your order is sent early. When no substitution is desired, please make notation on the order blank.

ORDER BLANKS. Better and quicker service can be given when the order is plainly written on our special order blanks.

TERMS. Remittance should accompany order in the form of bank draft, postal or express money order, or personal check.

POSTAGE on delivery charges is paid on all orders of \$2.00 and over. Orders of less than \$2.00, please send 25c to cover postage and packing.

PRICES. At prices quoted herein 6 bulbs will be supplied at the dozen rate and 25 at the 100 rate. Less than 6 at an inceased rate of 10 per cent over dozen price, except when offered otherwise. As three bulbs of a single variety are very effective when planted together, you may order ¼ dozen of any bulbs of the same value, providing the order is for complete dozen lots. For example, you may group together:

	Per Doz.
	1.00 3 bulbs
" —"Golden Frills"	
" —"Henry Ford"	1.00
" —"Purple Glory"	1.00 for 1.00
OR	7.0
Lilium—"Krameri"	5.00 3 bulbs
" —"Leichtlini"	5.00 each
" — "Speciosum Magnificum"	
" — "Speciosum Rubrum"	5.00 for 5.00

DO NOT GROUP TOGETHER BULBS OF DIFFERENT PRICE

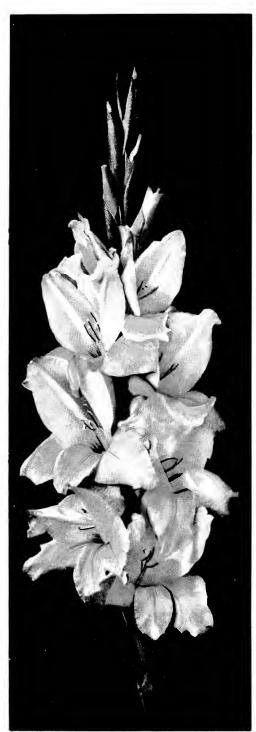
Special attention is called to the various collections of Dahlias, Gladiolus, and other bulbs offered at reduced rates.

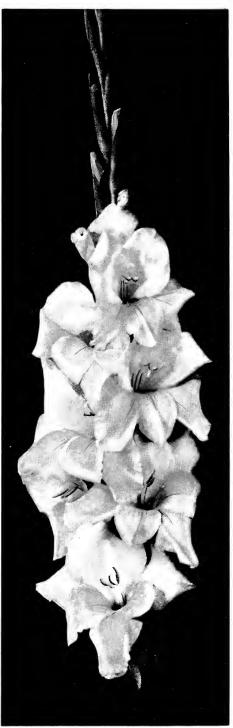
GUARANTEE. All bulbs, plants and seeds are guaranteed to be true to name and in a good growing condition, but I cannot be responsible for results obtained due to soil, climatic, and other conditions beyond my control. Every order receives most careful attention, but mistakes sometimes occur.

ADJUSTMENTS. Satisfactory adjustments will be cheerfully made where any error on our part has occurred, if we are notified promptly.

MEMBER:

American Dahlia Society
American Gladiolus Society
American Iris Society
American Peony Society
American Horticultural Society
Oregon Lily Growers Society
British Iris Society
British Gladiolus Society
Dahlia Society of San Francisco
California Gladiolus Society
Fellow Royal Horticultural Society





Gladiolus

Betty Nuthall

Jack London

TO MY FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS

THIS, my 1932 Spring Catalog, heralds a noteworthy expansion in the scope and possibilities of my business. Heretofore, this has been largely confined to the rarer and more unusual sorts of bulbs and tuberous rooted plants, and to Holland bulbs for Fall planting. Lovers of fine Gladiolus and Dahlias will be interested to learn that I have acquired the retail bulb and seed business of the Chageda Gardens at San Leandro, California, formerly conducted by Mr. Charles Davis. This purchase includes a choice collection of Gladiolus and Dahlia bulbs, and of Dahlia seeds, produced by a grower well known for the excellence of his stock. In the opening pages you will find listed only the newer creations that have exceptional merit. This will, of course, supplant my former limited offerings in these groups.

Following the Gladiolus and Dahlia sections is an enlarged and revised price list of rare and unusual bulbs and plants as well as seeds of gladiolus. This contains as many illustrations as space permits, many of which have been reproduced from photographs made at my own trial grounds. It is my hope to introduce and popularize as many of these plants as possible. Most of them are real floral gems, which would be hailed with enthusiasm by flower lovers if only they were better known. Cultural requirements are very simple.

Some of the species I offer were formerly found in American catalogs before the embargo on bulb importations; others are entirely new in this country, the stock being grown from seeds imported from many parts of the world. Names and descriptions have been carefully checked for scientific accuracy, and an effort will always be made to maintain this standard. It will be noted that prices on some items have been favorably revised, owing to larger stocks being available. I am constantly growing new sorts from seed, all of which will find a place in future catalogs as soon as large enough to sell. I am confident that my offerings will include a larger number of species than are found in any other catalog in this country.

Enclosed with this catalog is a folder, listing seeds of Dahlias, Iris, Lilies, Perennials, Annuals, and Miscellaneous Bulbs. Please note the prize offer on best Dahlias grown from our seeds.

This is a SPRING CATALOG. I will offer a wonderful variety of bulbs for Fall planting in a separate catalog, ready September first. A post card will bring it to you.

GLADIOLUS

Gladiolus have grown in popularity to such an extent in the last few years that they are now seen in nearly every garden, and no flower will give more pleasure in return for the little care they require. The bulbs may be planted from January until July in California and in other localities as soon as the ground can be worked in the Spring. For early planting full

sunlight is desirable, while for late planting a location that is partially shaded during the heat of the day should be selected.

Wonderful improvements in the newer introductions of Gladiolus were noted at the shows this past season; the new varieties in Blues and Violets being much better than the older introductions of the same colors which did not have such clear shades.

AVE MARIA (Pfitzer). A blue, nearly as light as Heavenly Blue. Seven or eight blooms open at once on a perfect spike. L. .50 each, 3 for \$1.25; M. .25, 3 for .60; S. .15, 3 for .35.

BERTY SNOW (Mair). Large flowers of beautiful lavender. Excellent substance and placement. Eight open at once. Fine exhibition and cut flower. A prize winner. .20 each; 3 for .50; 12 for \$1.50; 25 for \$2.50.

BETTY JOY (Bill). Soft, creamy white, flushed La France pink. Strong grower, long flower spikes with 6 to 10 perfect flowers open at one time. Delicately beautiful. .10 each, \$1.00 doz.

BETTY NUTHALL (Salbach 1928). Considered by many growers to be the best of Mr. Salbach's introductions. Light coral color blooms of great size, with pale orange throat markings and feathering of carmine. The plants are tall and vigorous in growth, the spikes gracefully carrying six to eight blooms open at a time. It is a good producer, large bulbs usually throwing from two to three separate stalks. Large, .20 each, \$2.00 doz.

BLUE PEACOCK (Salbach 1932). The only Salbach introduction of the year. A blue with deep colorings but nearer to true blue than Veilchenblau. A velvety blue blotch overlaid with cream gives the



Giant Nymph

peacock eye for which the flower was named. Large wide open florets, all well placed on the spike. Five or six open and many buds. \$5.00 each.

BREAK O' DAY (Bill). Clear pink blooms with darker throat lines on a good willowy spike. A leading early cut flower variety and very popular. .50 doz.

BYRON L. SMITH (Kunderd). A large wide-open lavender pink with the blooms well placed. .50 doz.

CANBERRA (Errey). A pure deep yellow of one shade on exceptionally tall spikes with 8 or more open at one time. Large, .30 each, \$3.00 doz.

CARMELITA (Diener). A very odd flower of smoky pink, blotched and striped with steel blue. Yellow and slate lip. .50 each, \$5.00 doz.

CATHERINE COLEMAN (Coleman). Tall spikes of large flowers of geranium pink. .15 each, \$1.00 doz.

CHARLES DICKENS (Pfitzer). Clear glowing violet-purple with a velvety blotch on lower petal. Excellent substance, fine placement. Seven or eight open. Awarded first prize in purple class American Gladiolus Society show, 1931. 15 each; 3 for .35, 12 for \$1.00, 25 for \$1.75.

CORYPHEE (Pfitzer). New European variety which has been a consistent winner. Large rose pink florets well placed on a good spike. 8 to 10 open at once. Large, .35 each, \$3.50 doz.

DOROTHY SIMPSON (Salbach 1928). Large beautifully ruffled lilac. Blotch of pale amber with heart-shaped inset of soft purple. From five to six well placed blooms open at one time. Very heavy substance. .20 each, 3 for .50, 12 for \$1.75, 25 for \$3.00.

DR. MOODY (Kinyon). An early variety with clear lavender florets without throat markings. Early, and many open at once. .20 each, \$2.00 doz.

E. J. SHAYLOR (Kunderd). Ruffled. Deep rose pink blooms on a strong spike and one of the best and most satisfactory for the home garden. .50 doz.

ELF (Diener). Lemon yellow when in bud. Open flowers pure white, lip delicate lemon. Large flowers. .15 each, \$1.50 doz.

EMILE AUBRUN (Lemoine). Rose and orange shades with gray overtone. Scarlet and rose blotch on lower petals. .10 each, \$1.00 doz.

GERALDINE FARRAR (Diener). Winner of the first prize for the best blue variety at the American Gladiolus Society convention in New York. A pale lavender with a deep violet spot on the lip. .25 each, \$2.50 doz.

GIANT NYMPH (Coleman). A vigorous growing variety of light rose pink, with creamy yellow throat. Tall and stately. .10 each, .75 doz.

GLADYS PLATH (Diener). An orchid flowering, mallow purple, dark near the edges with a white stripe through each petal. Large crimson spot on the lip. .15 each, \$1.50 doz.

GOLD EAGLE (Austin). A lovely clear yellow which does not burn, fleck or fade in the hottest sun. Vigorous grower, and one of the best listed. .75 doz.

GOLDEN FRILLS (Kunderd). A heavily ruffled prim hybrid of heavy substance. Rich daffodil yellow with a carmine tongue. .10 each, \$1.00 doz.

GOLDEN MEASURE (Kelway). A pure yellow with a golden sheen, which is thoroughly reliable. It is a standard florists' variety and is satisfactory in all sections. .75 doz.

HEAVENLY BLUE (Pfitzer). Large clear delicate lavender blue of great refinement and elegance. Reverse of petals much darker. Long graceful spike, many open. Blooms out to the very tip. Large .20 each, \$2.00 doz.

HELEN WILLS (Salbach). One of the best white gladiolus ever introduced, and named in honor of America's best woman tennis player. A clean, large white, shadirg to soft canary yellow on the lower petals. Tall, vigorous, and of wonderful substance. A coming cut flower for the florist trade. .15 each, \$1.25 doz.

HENRY FORD (Diener). A clear, dark rhodamine purple shading into deeper tones near the center. Excellent propagator. .10 each, \$1.00 doz.

J. A. CARBONE (Diener). Orange salmon, very iridescent, darker shading toward the outer edge of the petals. Yellow center. Fine, long, well built spikes. Each .25, doz. \$2.50.

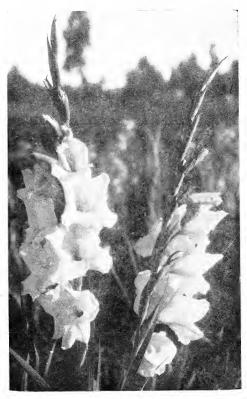
JACK LONDON (Diener). Light salmon penciled vermilion. Canary yellow throat also penciled. Perfect bloom. .10 each, \$1.00 doz.



Dahlia—Jersey's Beauty

KING TUT (Davis). A splendid novelty in a gigantic flower of Venetian pink blended with peach red with fine throat markings. Flowers are wide open on a tall, straight spike. 25 each, \$2.50 doz.

LA PALOMA (Dusinberre). A clear orange grandiflora prim with many florets open at one time on tall spike. It does not burn. .50 each, \$5.00 doz.



Gold Eagle

LAVENDER BRIDE (Bride). Large open smoky lavender. Tall. .20 each, 3 for .50, 12 for \$1.50.

LONDON SMOKE (Diener). Corinthian red shading into bordeaux on the outer edges of the petals. Fine light stripe running through the center of each petal. Lip speckled ruby. .25 each, \$2.50 doz.

LOS ANGELES (Houdyshel). Called the "Cut and Come Again" glad, due to its wealth of bloom spikes. A graceful, clear bright pink with darker throat. Wonderful variety, featured in all catalogs. .50 doz. MARMORA (Errey). A magnificent flower of grayish lavender color, with an old rose blotch. Many flowers open at a time, and each is of great size. .25 each, \$2.50 doz.

MING TOY (Kunderd). One of the most popular glads in our Trial Grounds. An apricot yellow touched with bittersweet orange. A grand primulinus with excellent habits. .50 per doz.

MINUET (Coleman). A real aristocrat in clear lilac lavender on strong, sturdy spikes with many florets open at once, and exceptionally well placed. .15 each, \$1.50 doz.

MISS DES MOINES (Prestgard). Lovely clear pale lilac shading deeper at tips of petals. Medium .20 each, 3 for .50. Large .40 each, 3 for \$1.00.

MME. SULLY (De Groat). Ivory white with carmine blotches in throat. Very distinct and beautiful. .10 each, \$1.00 doz.

MOTHER MACHREE (Stevens). Rated as the best "Smoky" variety on the market. Tall, straight spikes carrying 6 to 8 wide open florets of a soft lavender and subdued orange with an overcast of gray. Edges of petals show a salmon pink. .60 each, \$6.00 doz.

MRS. J. K. ARMSBY (Diener). A great many large flowers opening at one time of a coral pink with a cream throat, speckled ruby. .15 each, \$1.50 doz.

MRS. TRUXTON BEALE (Diener). Ground color begonia rose striped with flame. .10 each, \$1.00 doz.

MRS. H. E. BOTHIN (Ruffled—Diener). Light geranium pink, heavily ruffled. Flame scarlet center. Strong, wellbuilt spikes. .10 each, \$1.00 doz.

MRS. LEON DOUGLAS (Diener). This is rapidly becoming one of the leading florist varieties because of the exceptional perfection of the large blooms which are begonia rose striped with flame. Flowers of great size are gracefully carried on a long spike. .10 each, \$1.00 doz.

MRS. FRANK PENDLETON (Kunderd). Flushed salmon pink with rich maroon blotch on lower petals. A very popular variety. .10 each, .75 doz.

MRS. F. C. PETERS (Fischer). Fine rosy lilac blossoms with soft crimson blotch; slightly ruffled and many opened at one time. Tall, vigorous and fine. Large. .20 each, \$2.00 doz.

MR. W. H. PHIPPS (Diener). Beautiful La France pink, overlaid light salmon rose. Lower petals faintly streaked and dotted ruby. Flowers are enormous, ten or more being open at one time. The plant is tall and flower spike long. .15 each, \$1.50 doz.

MRS. NEWELL VANDERBILT (Ruffled—Diener). Light salmon pink, heavily ruffled. Throat sulphur yellow, mottled and striped with crimson. Large. .25 each, \$2.50 doz.

MRS. VAN KONYNENBURG (Pfitzer). Tall, clear light blue, and probably the best ever introduced. Wonderful propagator, and one of the best sellers. .15 each, \$1.50 doz.

MRS. JOHN R. WALSH (Ruffled—Diener). Heavily ruffled, flesh pink. Three lower petals flame shading into dark ruby at the throat. Very large flowers. .25 each, \$2.50 doz.

NIMROD (Errey Bros.). Very dark rich crimson. Its deep velvety coloring makes this flower an outstanding gladiolus. .15 each, 3 for .35, 12 for \$1.00, 25 for \$1.75. Bulblets, 100 for .50.

O. D. BALDWIN (Salbach 1929). Deep rich velvety red, dark cherry blotch. Wide open well placed blooms. A larger and improved Martha Washington. .25 each, 3 for .60, 12 for \$2.00, 25 for \$3.50.

ORCHID, THE (Sprague). A little gem, and a decided novelty. Lavender pink on pale flushed frosted surface. Edges ruffled. The name "Orchid" is most fitting. Large .10 each, \$1.00 doz.

PEARL OF CALIFORNIA (Kingsley). The size, color and form of this flower are all that could be desired. A tall, graceful spike bears from 26 to 32 buds with 8 to 12 open at one time. The color is clear, soft La France pink, blending to a rosy white throat. .15 each, \$1.50 doz.

PFITZER'S TRIUMPH (Pfitzer). This is unquestionably one of the largest and finest gladiolus ever introduced. The enormous Amaryllis-like flowers are bright flaming salmon with cherry blotch in the throat. 15 each, \$1.50 doz.

PICARDY (Palmer). A most sensational flower of delicate apricot pink. This fine new gladiolus has many large blooms open at the same time. The individual florets are all extremely large, slightly ruffled and of heavy wax-like substance. Large, \$10.00 each.

POLA NEGRI (Diener). Apricot with yellow lip, shading into old rose and salmon on the outer edges. Very lovely combination of colors. .10 each, \$1.00 doz.

PRIMROSE PRINCESS (Salbach). Tall growing spike of rich primrose yellow. Well placed, and many are open at one time. .10 each, \$1.00 doz.

PURPLE GLORY 'Kunderd). A velvety purple with darker throat. .10 each, \$1.00

REAH (Salbach). Rich mallow purple shading to mallow pink in center. Deep velvety blotch, almost black, in throat. Large wide open blooms. .15 each, 3 for .35, 12 for \$1.25.

RICHARD DIENER (Diener). A gorgeous bloomer of geranium pink with a yellow throat. 10 each, \$1.00 doz.

ROSE ASH (Diener). Strong stemmed, popular variety with good blooms of a rose shade suffused with a curious combination of blue, yellow and gray. One of the best. .75 doz.

SALBACH'S PINK. A glowing geranium pink with lip and throat of soft carmine. Petals are slightly recurved. Good size and substance and a fine spike. .50 each, \$5.00 doz.

SARABAND (Salbach). A very unusual flower, rich as an oriental rug. Coloring a velvety oriental brownish red, shading to red-purple. Straw yellow blotch. .15 each, 3 for .25, 12 for \$1.25.

SCARLET BEDDER (Salbach). A glowing scarlet grandiflora Prim, that is not too red to cut well with other Primulirus. Very popular. .50 per doz.

SCARLET PRINCEPS (Kunderd). Also known as "Virginia." An extraordinarily distinct and massive spike, with blooms of a rich scarlet, shading deeper in the throat. Massive blooms closely set. Winner of many awards. .50 doz.

SCARLET WONDER (Cowee). Immense, brilliant red. .25 each, \$2.50 doz.

SIR THOMAS LIPTON (Salbach 1929). Large salmon rose, heavily flaked smoky steel. Growth vigorous. The tips of this gladiolus make a beautiful basket for a room with mahogany and old rose, old blue or taupe hangings. .15 each, 3 for .35, 12 for \$1.25.

SOUVENIR (Gravereau). An early, pure yellow prim of great merit. Probably the finest bright yellow of the type. .50 doz., \$3.50 per 100.

TENNYSON (Kingsley). A velvety brownish oxblood red with cream blotch in throat. Six to eight open. L. \$5.00, M. \$3.00, S. \$2.00.

VEILCHENBLAU (Pfitzer). A large flowering violet blue, rather dark. .15 each, \$1.50 doz.

WHITE BUTTERFLY (Primulinus—Kunderd). Pure white. .10 each, \$1 doz.

YOSEMITE (Diener). Geranium red shading into rose. Light stripe runs through the center of each petal. Lip pale lemon yellow. Very large and open flowers. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 doz.

GLADIOLUS COLLECTIONS

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"FRIENDSHIP COLLECTION"

This collection of Gladiolus has made more friends for my bulbs than almost any other collection in my catalog.

6 BETTY JOY, 6 GOLD EAGLE, 6 GIANT NYMPH, 6 HELEN WILLS, 6 MRS. F. C. PETERS, 6 THE ORCHID.

Blooming size bulbs, all properly labeled2.25 Half-size collection, 3 each of above varieties 1.25

"OUR DOLLAR MIXTURE"

We consider this the finest mixture put out by any dealer. All large bulbs, of excellent varieties. NO TWO ALIKE IN A DOZEN. Will give you a wealth of bloom to cut. This is our most popular seller in glads. 1.00 per dozen, 7.00 per 100.

"OUR SIX BITS MIXTURE"

A mighty fine assorted run of large bulbs. Just the thing for that corner of your garden. Very satisfactory as cut flowers. .75 per dozen, 4.50 per 100, 35.00 per 1,000.

"OUR FLORISTS' MIXTURE"

Designed for the florist trade, and guaranteed to furnish splendid crops of bloom. These are assorted so some will bloom early and some late, in same planting. 3.50 per 100, 25.00 per 1,000.

NEW HYBRID GLADIOLUS SEED

Saved from Flowers of Separate Colors

I have had so many requests for Gladiolus seed saved from flowers of separate colors that a few of the most sought after shades are listed herewith for the first time. Every effort has been made to keep the colors pure, but do not expect to grow all one color of Gladiolus from seeds saved from one shade of flowers, for that would be impossible. However, there is a much better chance of growing a "Blue" Gladiolus from seed saved from blue flowers, than from "mixed seed."

GROWING GLADIOLUS FROM SEED

Where there is no frost Gladiolus seed may be sown in the open. Plant in the early Spring in rows about ore foot apart; cover with half an inch of sandy soil. Water and cultivate the same as for any other seed. Many will flower the first season. Lift the bulblets in the fall and hardle the same as for other Gladiolus bulbs. In colder climates the seeds should be sown in shallow boxes in coldframes or greenhouses. A good sandy soil mixed with one-third leaf-mold should be used.

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GLADIOLUS SPECIES

The greater part of the improved garden forms of Gladiolus are derived indirectly from South African species, of which there are over a hundred now known, which are unique both in shape and color,

FOR SPRING PLANTING

E	ach	Doz.
DRACOCEPHALUS (The Dragon Head). Hooded green flowers, striped yellow	.25	2.50
PRIMULINUS (Maid-of-the-Mist). A little wild yellow "Glad" growing about the foot of Vic-	, -	1.50
toria Fall, in Africa PSITTACINUS (The Parrot Glad). Another hooded species with red, green and yellow flowers. Rare and seldom seen in this country		1.50
QUARTINIANUS. Tall species with large flowers of red and yellow that blooms late in summer		2.50
SAUNDERSI. Large bright scarlet blossoms with white blotch in throat. Not easy to grow, but well worth the effort if successful	0.00	

WILD GLADIOLUS COLLECTION FOR SPRING PLANTING

3 Dracocephalus			
3 Quartinianus			
	Total	Value	1.95
Above collection for			1.65
One each of above three species for			65

FOR FALL PLANTING	
Each.	Doz.
ANGUSTUS. White marked purple; 2 to 3 feet 1.50 BYANTINUS (Turkish Corn Flag). Native of Asia Minor, about 2-3 feet high and is hardy except where winters are severe. Color is purple	
or wine color. Blooms in May	5.00
CALLISTUS. Pale pink with carmine markings. 2.50	
CARDINALIS ELEGANS. The "Superb Gladiolus." Long sprays of carmine red and salmon colored flowers with white throat. This is one of the most beautiful of all the wild Glads and is very rare in this country. Blooms from May to the end of June; 2 feet	
COMMUNIS. This dainty little wild Glad comes from Central Europe and is hardy in most of the Eastern states. 1 1-2 to 2 feet tall, blossoms rich mauve or deep lavender. Blooms here in May. Supply limited	
CUSPIDATUS. Creamy-pink with carmine throat. 1.50	
LEICHTLINI. Flowers orange and red. Very beautiful and graceful	
considering the slender stems, are cream with brown spots. A sweet fragrance is noted after	
sunset	3.50

WILD GLADIOLUS COLLECTION FOR FALL PLANTING

3 Byzantinus			2.25
Above collection for	Total	Value	4.80
One each of above three species for			



Gladiolus Byzantinus



Gladiolus cardinalis elegans



Gladiolus tristis concolor

SEEDS OF SOUTH AFRICAN GLADIOLUS SPECIES

Each Spring I receive seeds of a number of wild Gladiolus from a collector friend in South Africa. Some of these species are most interesting in their unusual form and coloring. A few of the commoner species are the parents of the large flowering forms of Gladiolus. Many of these wild types are very fragrant and, with their unique shapes and exotic color combinations, furnish endless possibilities for Gladiolus breeders.

Some species bloom quickly from seed as in the case of G. Maculatus, which bloomed last summer after being planted for only six months. Other species require one or two seasons to bloom. It takes a long time to order and receive seeds from South Africa. After my supply has been sold, it will be months before another lot is received; therefore, order early. No responsibility is assumed for this Gladiolus seed in regard to it being "true to name" or its "fertility," for I have no control over it. However, I will say that all seed from this source that I have sown during the past two seasons has germinated very satisfactorily. The descriptions of the following species have been supplied by the collector. If possible, kindly give second and third choice in case some species have been sold out.

- Alatus—A peculiar type, should be useful in hybridizing. Large flowers, terra-cotta with green or yellow on lower segments. Sweet scented. 6 in. to 1 ft. high.
- Angustus—Very branched, of the "Painted Lady" type with very long narrow perianth tube.
- Blandus—Typical "Painted Lady" coloring. 1 1-2 ft; up to 20 blooms on a stem, often branched.
- Brevifolius—Blooms late autumn, small flowers, dainty pink and white, sometimes blue.
- Callistus. 3 ft. high, flowers well spaced out on stem, pale pink or white with deeper throat markings. Manner of growth reminds one of Primulinus Hybrids.
- Cardinalis—The "Superb Gladiolus." Long sprays of large carmine-red flowers with white throat markings outlined in dark red. Likes moist shady spots.
- Carmineus—Flowers in autumn and the long leaves come later. Very intense red. Large flowers on short stem.
- Crassifolius. Flowers late. Flowers smaller and deeper pink than G. Stanfordiae.
- Cuspidatus—More delicate than G. Blandus, flowers yellow with carmine throat markings, 1 ft. upper segments narrow and very waved.
- Debilis—A very pretty spring-flowering species, 11-2 to 2 ft. high on thin wiry stems, blossoms white, very prettily marked with deep carmine.

- Formosus. Flowers cream, blotched with purple, height 1 to 1 1-2 ft.
- Gracilis—The earliest to bloom, 1-2 ft. high, very graceful, flowers blue, marked with yellow on the lower lip.
- Hirsutus—Large deep pink blossoms, striped white. Sweetly scented. Very robust and handsome.
- Leichtlini-Spikes 4 ft.; flowers orange and red.
- Odoratus—New species, winter blooming, large flowers marked brown or mauve. Sweetly scented by day.
- Orchidiflorus—Very attractive, resembles G. Alatus in shape, having upper segments elongated and turned over, flowers soft bronze, sometimes marked with purple. Sweetly scented.
- Psittacinus—Height 5 ft., large flowers on strong stems, red fleeked with orange.
- Stanfordiae—Flowers autumn, plants make nice clumps of foliage with many sprays of pink and white flowers.
- Tristis—Height 4-6 ft., very thin stems, flowers 10-20 in a spray, pale yellow, mottled brown. Very sweet-scented after sunset. Flowers midsummer.
- Villosus—Flowers with G. Gracilis. Pink, somewhat smaller.



Sent FREE as a premium with an order for \$10.00 worth of bulbs from this catalog at single or dozen rates, if asked for at the same time.

DAHLIAS

Dahlias grown in California are without doubt the best obtainable on account of the long growing season. Our gardens are in full bloom from early July until October, a wonderful blaze of color. Many are prize-winning introductions.

Dahlias are the most prolific of all summer flowers, producing as they do numerous blossoms which, if disbudded, will be gigantic in size. Owing to a recent acquisition, details of which are noted elsewhere in this catalog, and of which I am justly proud, more than ten acres of the finest introductions of Dahlias are now available for your selection. The mild California days are a great benefit to Dahlias, inducing the formation of strong tubers of perfect quality.

In planning the Dahlia garden, a pleasing effect may be obtained by grouping certain colors together, which may be followed out according to individual taste.

Our Dahlia tubers are priced to fit every purse. Some of the finest standard varieties will be found listed this season at very low prices. For some attractive Dahlia Collection bargains, turn to page 18 in this catalog.

FULL DIRECTIONS FOR PLANTING THE TUBERS AND CARING FOR THE PLANTS WILL ACCOMPANY EACH ORDER.

TYPES OF DAHLIAS

Dahlias are divided into the following types as classified by the American Dahlia Society:

- 1. FORMAL DECORATIVE. Double flowers, full to the center; outer petals usually flat and inner ones rounded; regular in arrangement.
- 2. INFORMAL DECORATIVE. Fully double flowers, often irregular in arrangement and with long, twisted or pointed petals.
- 3. CACTUS. Fully double flowers with long narrow petals, which are rolled or curved more than half their length.
- 4. SEMI-CACTUS. Fully double flowers; half-way between the Cactus and the Informal Decorative.
- 5. PEONY. Semi--double flowers, with yellow center; the outer petals are unusually broad and flat, while the inner ones twist and curl around the center.
- 6. POMPON. These are fully double miniature Dahlias having a diameter of less than two inches.
- 7. SINGLE. This type has only one row of petals surrounding an open yellow center.

NOTE: Pompon and single Dahlias are not included with the other types but are listed separately.

DAHLIA GREEN PLANTS

These are rooted cuttings, taken from tubers which have been started early in the greenhouse. They are ready for shipment after APRIL FIRST, and will bloom about the same time as tubers that have been planted three weeks earlier. They require the same care as any other plant and if this is given them, they will produce more and better flowers and just as good tubers as if grown from tuber stock. They are less liable to carry disease. The clumps of tubers are easier to divide the following spring and the cost of DAHLIA GREEN PLANTS is just half as much as for tubers of the same variety.

DAHLIA GREEN PLANTS are shipped to all parts of the United States. They are packed in ventilated packages and shipped EXPRESS PREPAID for orders of \$10 or over. (Orders for less than \$10 are shipped EXPRESS COLLECT). These green plants are not satisfactory to ship by parcel post.

DAHLIA GREEN PLANTS are supplied in varieties where the tubers sell for \$1 or over. The price is exactly one-half the price of the tubers. Send in your order for DAHLIA GREEN PLANTS as early as possible as only a limited quantity is available. A list of varieties of DAHLIA GREEN PLANTS of NEW INTRODUCTIONS, not included in our general list of Dahlias, will be mailed on request.

A. A. STYVERS (Boston). C. This is an immense flower with incurved petals. The color is amber, shaded salmon rose. Splendid cut flower. \$5.00.

AIMEE HODGENS (Boston) HC. Extra early bloomer. Golden bronze, under petals red. Strong, straight stems. \$7.50



Cactus Type

AL KORAN (Davies). D. Golden yellow. Big, bold flower with long, wavy petals, which stands very erect on long rigid stem. The plant is a tall, vigorous grower. .59

ALTAMONT (Kemp) D. Rose-pink deepening to American Beauty Rose toward center. Flower is larger than average, fully double, petals slightly curled. Keeps well when cut. \$1.00.

AMBASSADOR (Broomall). S. C.. One of the best. Color a soft amber pink and salmon with yellow center. .75.

AMUN RA (Seal). D. Golden copper deepening to a rich reddish bronze. A sensational dahlia of great size that is unsurpassed for exhibiting and very useful for cutting. 50

BALLET GIRL (Boston). Solid orange or orange edged white, sometimes on the same bush. .50.

BARBARA WEAR (Seal) D. A fine cut flower of blended pink and lavender on long, stiff stem. \$2.00.

BASHFUL GIANT (Marena) D. A rich apricot bloom with golden shadings, often winner as the "largest flower in the show." .75

BEAR CLAWS (Staats). An immense cactus of rich true carmine. The blooms are made up of many large long clawshaped petals, well incurved. The plant is tall and the stems good. A very free bloomer. 50.

BIG BEN (Dothy). HS. Raspberry red of one shade and one of the largest of the show dahlias. Stems are fine and the blooms are always perfect. .50

BLACK JACK (Westilius). D. Deep maroon, almost black. One of the darkest of all dahlias and a robust grower. The flowers are large and stems good. Decidedly attractive. .75

CANARY (Boston). D. An extra early canary yellow. Free bloomer on long stems. Tall grower. \$1.50

CHAMPAGNE (Boston). Dull, golden champagne. An entrancing color and an irresistible dahlia in every way. Large flower, extra long stem, lasts a long time on the bush as well as when cut. .50

CIGARETTE (Boston). C. A bi-color flower in scarlet and white on cane stiff stems. .50

COLOR SERGEANT (Lyndora Garden). D. Color is a deep salmon bronze. A new eastern dahlia of great beauty. \$2

CONQUISTADOR (Ballay) Hyb. Cactus. Awarded gold medal for best dahlia at the San Leandro flower show. The flowers are a beautiful soft creamy yellow shading to a glowing pink at the base of the petals. \$2.50

 ${
m CORAL}$ (Cactus). Color as name suggests. .50.

COQUETTE (Fisher & Masson). D. Giant flower, red and gold, the face of the petals being velvety red at the base blending and shading to golden sunset color at points. Reverse of petals gold. \$2.00

DADDY BUTLER (Boston). H. C. Rosy carmine with reverse of petals lighter. Large free blooming and an excellent keeper. .50

DAHLIAMUM (Ballay). Hyb. Cactus. Clear bright yellow. This dahlia much resembles a chrysanthemum, hence its name. Excellent cut flower. \$2.00

DOROTHY STONE (Fisher & Masson). D. Huge exhibition rose pirk. \$3.00.

EAGLE ROCK JEWEL (Broomall-Success). D. Cream overlaid shell-pink. Good stems. \$2.00

Page Twelve

EDNA FERBER (Fisher & Masson). H. C. Color coral, shading to old gold at base of petals, which are long and wavy. One of the best sellers. \$1.50

EL GRANADA (Boston). True bright orange with a yellow reverse. Hybrid cactus with all good qualities, most lovely color, largest size, stands the warmest sunshine unusually well. 75

ELLINOR VANDEVEER (Seal). Glowing rose pink. An exceptionally beautiful dahlia of good size and with all the other qualities necessary to place it in the highest class. .75

EL REY (O & C). D. Rich golden and salmon shade which blends well with other flowers. \$2.50

EMMA MARIE (Dahliadel). H. C. Color, clear pink with a creamy white center. Large. Splendid keeper. .50

FAITH GARIBALDI (Boston). D. Clear rose pink. A gold medal dahlia that has won many prizes. In our garden it has been a model of perfection. Flowers are large and well formed, the stems long and stout, the bushes loaded with bloom. 75

FLAMING METEOR (Barker). I. D. The color is a flaming orange-scarlet deepening to burnt orange at center. The flower is large, of good depth, splendid form and unexcelled keeping qualities. Stems long, tough and cane-like. .75

FORT MONMOUTH (Kemp). H. C. Rich claret color, with brightness unusual in the darker tones. Flowers frequently 13 inches in diameter. \$3.50

FORT WASHINGTON (Rindlfeisch-Jost). D. A splendid mahogany-red which does not fade, borne on extra long stems of great strength. \$1.50

FRANCESCA (Davis) D. A huge flower, tanned rose with distinct violet suffusion, touched with gold. Petals long narrow and artistically twisted. Stems are long and rigid. \$1.50

F. W. BUTLER (Boston). D. This dahlia has frequently won prizes of various flower shows for largest and best blooms. Color is golden orange, flaked bronze. Excellent for cutting and exhibition. \$15.00

GLADYS SHERWOOD (Broomall). H. C. Clear white. One of the favorites. .50

GORGEOUS ELIZABETH (Boston) P. Brilliant red, tipped gold. One of the finest Peony dahlias. .75

HALVELLA (McWhirter) D. Beautiful shade of rose pink, flowers of large size on stiff stems. A late bloomer, but prolific at the time when you want flowers. .35.

HARRY MAYER (Europe). D. A splendid pale rosy purple which is held well above the foliage on long, stiff stems. Fine form and good grower. 1.00

HATHOR (Seal). D. A distinctive dahlia of a vivid flame color with tones of orange and crimson showing. Large bloom on perfect stems. The richness of the color and free growing habit makes it one of the best of the newer varieties. \$1.50

IVORY (Boston). D. A large exquisitely beautiful broad-petaled ivory white. The flower is full and deep, does not burn and keeps indefinitely. Fine stem. \$3.50.

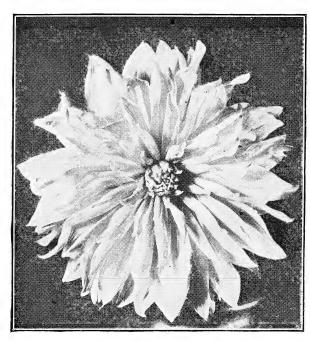
JACK O'LANTERN (Reed). D. A good decorative with wide twisted petals of brilliant orange-red shading darker near the center. Center petals are tipped gold. \$1.00



Semi-Cactus Type

JANE COWL (Downs). I. D. One of the few graceful giants. It is an immense glistening, bronzy buff and old gold, with just enough twist to the broad petals to make it beautiful. Free blooming and fine for cutting and show purposes. 50.

JEAN HARE (Fisher & Masson). H. C. Beautiful golden yellow, which changes to an apricot buff late in the season. \$1.50



Peony Type

JERSEY'S BEACON. D. Chinese scarlet with a much paler reverse. Very large. .50

JERSEY'S BEAUTY (Waite). D. This salmon rose pink dahlia is one of the best cut flowers in the garden. The blooms are of good size and fine substance and the stems are long and tough. 50

JERSEY'S CAPRICE. D. An autumn shade, best described as apricot buff. Flowers large on strong stems. .75.

JERSEY'S IDEAL. D. Dark lavenderpink and one of the best in its color. Free bloomer. \$1.00.

JERSEY'S KING. D. Begonia-rose with a distinct form, the petals being broad, and rounded at the tips. .50.

JERSEY'S MASTERPIECE (Waite). An immense strawberry bloom suffused gold at the base of the petals. Excellently formed and on stems of great strength. Thick, leathery foliage which is very attractive. \$1.50.

JIM MOORE. (Loller). D. A golden yellow bloom suffused salmon with good size and form. \$3.00.

JOVE (Ballay). D. A giant dahlia. Bronze with old rose and gold. Has been a winner in many flower shows. \$1.50.

JOY (Boston). F. D. A beautiful clear silvery lavender without a trace of white. An immense flower. \$3.00.

KATHLEEN NORRIS. (Fisher & Masson). D. True rose pink, later deepening to mellow pink and paler in the young central petals. Petals are broad and overlapping, with twisted ends, filled to the center. \$4.00.

KEMP'S VIOLET WONDER (Kemp). D. A rich Naphthaline violet, lightening to a bluish violet at the tips of petals. Lavender reverse. A fine, deep flower of great size and perfect form. \$2.50.

KING TUT (Seal). D. Rich, dark velvety crimson burgundy. Extra large. \$1.00.

KITTY DUNLAP (Boston). D. A very free blooming dahlia of American Beauty rose. The stems are long and stiff. .75.

LADY LYNDORA (Lyndora Gardens). D. Color, pink and white. \$1.50

MAE SADLER REID (Pelicano). D. An exceptionally large blossom of mahogany red, deepening to a dull maroon. The petals are broad and flat and the flowers have great depth. Blooms till late fall and flowers never show center. \$1.50.

MARGARET MASSON (Fisher & Masson). D. A beautiful eastern dahlia that does well in California. Silvery pink. .75.

MARGARET WOODROW WILSON (Fisher & Masson). D. Creamy white with a slight lavender suffusion. Large flower with broad petals slightly rolled. The plant is low growing and branching. .75

MARIPOSA (Boston). H. C.. One of the favorites. Pure light pink with a touch of mauve. Good center. .75

MARMION (Mastick). I.D. An immense pure golden yellow with bronze suffusion on reverse of petals. Form perfect, prolific bloomer. Long canelike stems holding blossoms well above foliage. .75

MEADOW LARK (Burns) D. A fine large flower with shading of buff and straw, reverse darker. .75

MINNIE EASTMAN (Eastman) H.C. Splendid hybrid cactus. A brilliant flame color bloom with undershadings of deep yellow. Stems are long and firm and a sturdy grower with glossy foliage. \$2.00

MRS. ALFRED B. SEAL (Seal). I.D. A beautiful old rose decorative. The flowers are huge, of great depth and substance. Strong tall bushes with excellent stems. \$4.00

MRS. CROWLEY (Broomall). D. Brightest salmon pink shading to yellow at the base of the petals. Good sized flower on strong stems. Attractive in the outside row of the garden. .50.

MRS. CARL SALBACH (Salbach). D. Large flower of lavender tints on pink, sometimes with a touch of white at the center. One of the best for cutting. .50

MRS. ELEANOR MARTIN (Pelicano). D. Mulberry or violet rose. Something new in color. In a sunny climate the violet tone will be more pronounced. It is a

very handsome dahlia with perfect stem and habit of growth. \$1.00

MRS. I. DE VER WARNER (Maraen). D. Considered the best of the standard orchid pinks. .50

MRS. JOHN T. SCHEEPERS (Maraen). D. Lovely canary yellow, changing to old rose and pink on outer petals, and as season advances it takes on deeper tones. .50

MY MARYLAND (Downs). H. C. A delicate pink suffused lavender, each petal tipped ivory. Splendid stem and foliage. \$1.50

NANAQUAQUET (Richards). D. Orchid pink. Good for cutting. \$2.00

NICHU (Boston). D. Pale yellow. An improved Yellow King which is vigorous in growth and free in blooming. Resembles in appearance the Yellow Turner chrysanthemum. .75

NOBILIS (Doolittle). D. Combination of white and red. .75

OLD HICKORY (Dahliadel). D. Madder red with apricot suffusion and the blooms are held well on cane stems. \$2.00

PAUL MICHAEL D. One of the largest of the California decoratives and best described as "California Gold." It has a faint tint of old rose, with a perfect center and wire stems. .50

PEPPER'S DELIGHT (Decorative). A true pink for cutting. \$1.50

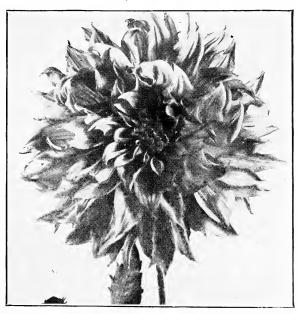
PIERROT (Stredwick). C. An attractive deep amber, distinctly tipped white. .50

POP STEWART (Fisher & Masson). D. Lilac pink. Large size on good stems. \$1

PRIDE OF CALIFORNIA (Lohrmann) D. Called the "American Beauty Dahlia." Grown very largely for cut flowers. Crimson red, with a dark, full center. .35.

QUEEN OF THE GARDEN BEAUTIFUL (Decorative). Clear yellow with good stems. One of the best sellers. .75

REGAL (Boston). D. Bronze heavily suffused with dull old rose. This is doubtless one of the largest dahlias grown. The flowers retain their large size even in the late fall. The stems also remain strong and straight through the whole season and the plant is a free bloomer. \$2.50.



Informal Decorative Type

REGENT (Boston). D. Lavender pink. large flower with numerous long incurved petals completely covering the center. .50

ROBERT TREAT (Mueller). D. Deep bright rose. A beautiful eastern prize winner. Flower is large and it blooms most freely on good stems. .75

ROMAN EAGLE (Fisher & Masson). D. A typical autumn shade of flaming brilliant burnished copper. .75

ROOKWOOD (Boston). D. A deep cerise rose, with petals that curl and crinkle. \$1.00

ROSE FALLON (Harding). D. Deep old rose bloom. Perfect form and straight stem. .75

SAGAMORE (Badette). Golden amber shading deeper at the center. Another popular eastern variety that has won many prizes. The color is very good and the bloom is very beautiful. .50

SALBACH'S WHITE (Salbach). Large ivory white decorative dahlia. Keeps well and does not burn. Awarded gold medal by the Dahlia Society of California. \$1

SANHICAN'S BLUEBIRD (Fisher & Masson). D. One of the nearest things to a blue Dahlia we have seen. Violet blue. Splendid for cutting. \$1.00

SANHICAN'S GEM (Fisher & Masson) D. Old rose shade thickly suffused with amber. Petals are staghorn type. \$1.00

SEAL'S CALIFORNIAN (Seal). D. Bright golden yellow at center, shading lighter toward outer petals and tips tinted bronze pink. \$2.50

SUSAN G. TEVIS (Boston). F. D. The color of this stately flower is a deep shade of lilac with a silvery sheen. The plant is unusually vigorous and the foliage dark and rich. The large blooms are supported on exceptionally long and strong stems. .75

TOMMY ATKINS (Boston). D. Bright scarlet. A new and very brilliant shade. The refined but irregular formation of the large flower is very striking. Stem is the best possible and the blooms are freely produced. 50

TRENTONIAN (Fisher & Masson). D. Reddish copper and gold, described by the originator as "Indian skin." Flower has a velvety appearance unusual in this color blending. This variety is a strong grower and produces immense blooms on very strong stems that are good for all purposes. .50

TRYPHINNIE (Seal). D. Shell pink with darker reverse. Large flower on strong stem. Good keeper. .50

SINGLE DAHLIAS



Single Dahlia

Single Dahlias are prolific bloomers. For mass planting in beds or borders they are very satisfactory. Excellent for cut flowers.

SEPARATE COLORS: Pale Pink, Golden Brown, Rich Purple, Buff, Bright Orange, Yellow or Lavender. Each .50, doz. \$5.00

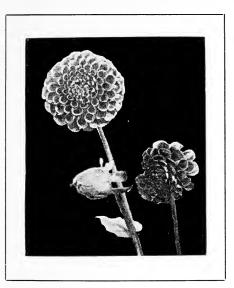
UNION JACK. Red, with white stripes. Each .50

ENGLISH BEDDING SINGLE DAHLIAS

The plants bloom in 12 weeks from planting and are literally covered with bloom until frost. The bush is dwarf, not exceeding two feet in height and requires little care. They can be planted in beds 12 inches apart or in attractive hedges along a drive. The flowers are similar to the single Dahlia except the bloom is smaller and is carried on long rigid stems which make an excellent cut flower with a wide range of color from white to darkest maroon.

MIXED COLORS: Dozen \$2.25; 25 for \$4.25; 100 for \$12.75.

PLEASE NOTE: Pompons, Singles and English Bedding Dahlias should be planted as soon as received. The tubers are small and may dry out if exposed to the air.



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Each
AIMEE. A wee bronze
AMBER QUEEN. Golden bronze35
ATOM. Tiny orange
BACCHUS. Bright scarlet
BOBBY. Plum color
CHEERFULNESS. Orange, red tint .35
CORA MAY. Salmon, rose eye1.00
DANDY. Small, perfect orange
DARK EYE. White, tipped lav35
DARKEST OF ALL. Maroon
ELIZABETH. Gold, edged brown35
EVA SALBACH. Brilliant red35
GANYMEDE. Amber tinted lav35
GENE. Light gold, brown cent50
GEORGE IRELAND. Tiny mauve50
GIRLIE, Rosy lilac
GLOW. Flaming old rose
GRUSS AUS WIEN. Amber
HAZEL. Buff tinted brown50
HELEN ANITA. Lav. white eye30
IDEAL. Clear yellow
JOE FETTE. The standard white35
JOHNNIE Dark red 50

POMPON DAHLIAS

You can plant nothing better in your garden to produce a wealth of cut flowers for the home, over a long period, than Pompon Dahlias.

They are very easy to grow, can be planted quite closely together, and may be used with annuals and with shrubbery in the border or the foundation planting.

One of the most popular uses of Pompon Dahlias is in a hedge, which quickly makes a growth of foliage and for several months is covered with a mass of bloom, furnishing outside beauty and material for cutting. Plant one foot apart for a hedge, staggering the plants in a double row.

IMPORTANT: Tubers of Pompon Dahlias should be planted as soon as received.

Each
JOHNNY PEPPIN. Small crimson1.00
KLEIN DOMITEA. Orange, buff35
LILIAS. Cream, suffused mauve50
LITTLE BEESWING. Gold and red .35
LITTLE DAVID. Deep orange35
LLOYD HICKMAN. Rose pink50
LOLITA. Yellow, brown eye
MARS. The best brilliant red
NELLIE FRASER. Pink and lav35
ORANGE. As named
PEGGY ANN. Yellow, edged red1.00
PHYLLIS. Yellow, tipped red
ROSEBUD. White, edged pink
SAN TOY. White, edged carmine 35
SNOWCLAD. Good white
SUNNY DAYBREAK. Apricot to
red
SUNSET. Bright orange
SUZANNE. Lavender, new1.00
TAKA'S PURPLE. Carmine sheen35
TOMMY VEITH Ded time sheen
TOMMY KEITH. Red, tipped white .35
TOM THUMB. Smallest garnet red .35
YELLOW GEM. Best clear yellow .35

COLLECTION D-33: One dozen Pompon Dahlia Tubers, each different, each with name attached and of our selection—\$2.25. (50 tubers for \$8.75; 100 for \$15.75).



DAHLIAS, by F. F. Rockwell. Learn to know the different types of Dahlias and their uses in your garden, how to plant and grow them, what fertilizers to use, how to control pests, how to harvest and store the tubers, grow for exhibition, and how to propagate and hybridize. Brief and practical. 65 illustrations, 80 pages \$1.00

Sent FREE as a premium with an order for \$10.00 worth of bulbs from this catalog at single or dozen rates, if asked for at the same time.

DAHLIA COLLECTIONS

We grow most varieties of the newer Dahlias and are always anxious to have our friends improve the strains they are growing. To this end we are making up six assortments of Dahlia Tubers and Dahlia Plants of the very best varieties, to fit any sized pocketbook. They are wonderful values—not discarded stock—but the best we grow.

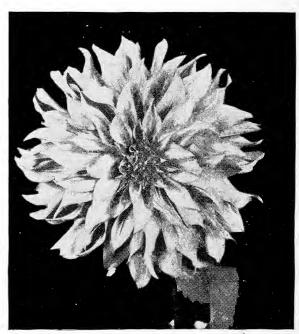
- COLLECTION D-32: One tuber each of six fine Exhibition Dahlias of giant size, each labeled with name and with a regular catalog value of \$3.75 or more, if bought separately—Prepaid\$1.75
- COLLECTION D-37: One tuber each of ten of the newest introductions, each labeled with name, and the ten with a total catalog value of \$18 or more. A splendid assortment—Prepaid\$8.50
- COLLECTION D-39: One Green Plant each of 10 new varieties of Exhibition Dahlias, each with name and a saving of half. Sent express collect. \$4.25

Special Dahlia Collection D-38

Choose one of each of any 12 of the following varieties and we will let you make up your own collection. It is possible to order 12 tubers from this list with a regular price of \$9.50—all for \$4.25. We want to encourage the growing of better dahlias, hence we make this liberal offer to you.

ORDER COLLECTION D-38 choosing 12 tubers of the following varieties for \$4.25, sent prepaid:

AL KORAN CHAMPAGNE EMMA MARIE ELLINOR VANDERVEER FRANCESCA HALVELLA JANE COWL JERSEY'S BEAUTY KITTY DUNLAP MARMION MEADOW LARK MRS. CARL SALBACH MRS. I. DE VER WARNER NOBILIS QUEEN OF THE GARDEN BEAUTIFUL ROBERT TREAT ROMAN EAGLE ROOKWOOD



Formal Decorative Type

SAGAMORE TOMMY ATKINS

1932

Ainsley's Superior Flower Seeds

DAHLIA SEEDS

Many growers of cut flowers are today growing their Dahlias from seed instead of bulbs, and find the percentage of doubles very high and colors good.

This is a great saving of both investment and labor, and since all new varieties are produced from seed, many new and improved varieties are found in a seedling bed.

Dahlias will usually bloom from seed about two or three weeks later than tubers planted at the same time. Usually they make large clumps of tubers in the Fall.

CULTURAL INSTRUCTIONS

Obtain some good garden soil and pulverize it quite fine. If too heavy add sand. Fill a box with about 3 inches of soil and press down level. With the edge of a board press rows about 1-2 inch deep. Sow the seeds in these rows. Sift sand over the seed until the surface is level and press down firmly. Water carefully and keep box in warm moist place.

Dahlia seed will show the first plants in about 4 or 5 days, and while growing re-

quire no more care than other tubers or plants.

As soon as the plants have the first pair of rough leaves, prick them out with the point of a penknife, and transplant into 3-inch pots, or into another box, if you have no pots. Grow them thus until it is warm enough to put into the ground. Never put Dahlias into the ground until the soil is warm.

XXX GRADE DAHLIA SEED MIXTURE

Our XXX (three X) grade of seed is, in our opinion, the best value you can obtain for your money, either from us or other growers. It is a formula mixture, each packet containing seeds from 15 parents which we have tested for years and are known to throw a large percentage of double flowers. The seed parents used are strong growing plants with insect resisting foliage, of the newer type. The pollen parents used this year were varieties of special merit such as Jane Cowl, Kemp's Violet Wonder, Kathleen Norris, Marmion, Francesca, etc. Packet of 100 seeds, \$5.00; half packet (50 seeds), \$3.00

SPECIAL TRIAL PACKET of 35 Seeds of XXX MIXTURE for \$2.00.

XX GRADE DAHLIA SEED MIXTURE

Made up of the best of the standard varieties, such as Jersey's Beauty, Mariposa, Amun Ra, Mrs. I. de Ver Warner, etc. The proportion we use is about 70 per cent decorative and 30 per cent hybrid cactus. Will give plenty of splendid flowers of a wide range of colors. Packet of 100 seeds, \$2.00

X GRADE DAHLIA SEED MIXTURE

Our one X grade is saved from named varieties only, and gives good results. It is intended for use where the gardener wants to plant in quantity for flowers only, and for this reason we call it our "Florists' Mixture." The repeat orders we receive on it convince us that it gives satis-

faction where cut flowers are wanted. Packet of 100 seeds, \$1.00; packet of 1000 seeds, \$9.00

HYBRID SHOW DAHLIA SEED MIXTURE

The increasing popularity of this type of Dahlia has caused us to grow it separately, although it often reverts to the old ball type, and many come as decorative. It furnishes an interesting experiment. Packet of 50 seeds, \$1.00

ENGLISH BEDDING SINGLE DAHLIA SEED MIXTURE

Plants bloom in 12 weeks from planting and are literally covered with single blooms until frost. The bush is dwarf, not exceeding two feet in height and requires little care in growing. They can be planted in beds or as a hedge 18 inches apart, and the fact they do not need disbudding or staking increases their popularity. The flowers are similar to the single Dahlia except they are smaller. Stems are long and strong, making them a splendid cut flower. Range of colors is from white to darkest maroon, with many shades in the same flower in some of them. Per packet, 50

POMPON DAHLIA SEED MIXTURE

Seed harvested from the smaller and most popular new varieties. We grow nearly all the best ones, featuring many of the new varieties in our gardens. A packet of this seed will give you a splendid bed of pompons. We grow them entirely separate from the larger Dahlias, and use every possible means to induce cross pollenization between the smaller types. Packet of 50 seeds, \$1.00; 500 seeds for \$5.00.

SEE NEXT PAGE FOR CASH PRIZE OFFERS

Gordon Ainsley

CAMPBELL, CALIFORNIA

CASH PRIZES

FOR THE BEST DAHLIAS GROWN FROM "AINSLEY DAHLIA SEED"

\$25.00 in Cash to the winner of FIRST PRIZE in the 1932 AMERICAN DAHLIA SOCIETY SHOW, for the best ONE-YEAR-OLD SEEDLING, with the understanding that the exhibitor purchases the Dahlia seed from us.

\$25.00 in Cash to the exhibitor who is awarded FIRST PRIZE for the best ONE-YEAR-OLD SEEDLING in the 1932 show, held by THE DAHLIA SOCIETY OF SAN FRANCISCO, with the same provision that the winning Dahlia is grown from seed purchased from us.

IN ADDITION TO THESE CASH PRIZES

\$10.00 orders for bulbs or seeds will be presented to the winners of FIRST PRIZE FOR THE BEST ONE-YEAR-OLD SEEDLING, offered by any other OFFICIAL DAHLIA SHOW held in 1932, providing the prize-winning Dahlia was grown from "Ainsley Dahlia Seed" purchased this year. Winners of these \$10.00 PRIZE ORDERS will be allowed to select any BULBS, PLANTS or SEEDS listed in this catalog to the value of \$10.00. PRIZE CERTIFICATES, signed by an official of the show should be forwarded to us as soon as possible after the award has been made, so that prizes may be selected in time for shipment at the proper season.

Only one \$10.00 order will be awarded to the same person. When competing for any of these prizes, we must be notified at least ten days prior to the exhibit, stating name of show and where it will be held.

DAHLIA SEED OF KNOWN PARENTAGE

All our seed is saved under the name of the variety, whether we sell it in mixture or not. For those specialists who want to plant seeds and keep the record of parentage we offer the following varieties of seed bearing parents. Pollen parents of these have been Jane Cowl, Elite Glory, Marmion, Jersey's Beauty, Francesca, Color Sergeant and others of a newer type, which usually transmit a heritage of strength, form and color.

PRICE ON SEED OF FOLLOWING VARIETIES: 15 SEEDS, ONE VARIETY, 50c

Albert Ward
Al Koran
Ambassador
Amun Ra
Bear Claws
Big Ben
Black Diamond
Black Jack
Black Pearl
Caroline Wintjen
Champagne
Dr. Tenis
El Granada
Ellinor Vanderveel
Elsie Oliver
F. T. D.

Gorgeous
Grizzly, The
Halvella
Harry Mayer
Jean Chazot
Jean Kerr
Jersey's Beacon
Jersey's Beauty
Jersey's Ideal
Jersey's King
Jessie K. Prescott
Les Amours Des Madame
Margaret Woodrow
Wilson

George Walters

Mariposa
Marmion
Meadow Lark
Myerbeer
Mr. Crowley
Mrs. Carl Salbach
Mrs. Edna Spencer
Mrs. I. De Ver Warner
Mrs. John T. Scheepers
Mrs. Langtry
Norman Lewis
Oberon
Pride of California
Queen of the Garden
Beautiful
Regent

Robert Treat
Roman Eagle
Rosa Nell
Sagamore
Screamer
Seal of Connecticut
Sierra
Silverhill Park
Sole Mio
Sunmaid
The Bluebird
Tom Lundy
Tommy Atkins
Tryphinnie
Wizard of Oz
Yuban

SPECIAL OFFER-One packet (15 seeds) each of 10 named parents, our selection, for \$3.00

PRICE ON SEED OF FOLLOWING VARIETIES: 15 SEEDS, ONE VARIETY, \$1.00

Alice Whittier
Altamont
Andrea Errickson
Angela Mia
Barbara Redfern
Barbara Wear
Bueno
Charles G. Reed
Charlotte Lafrenz
Chemar's Eureka
Color Sergeant
Conquistador
Coquette
Dorothy Stone
Dr. John H. Carman
Eagle Rock Beauty

Edna Ferber
Elite Glory
El Rey
Flaming Meteor
Fort Washington
Francesca
Frank Miller
Gorgeous Elizabeth
Grace Ricords
Harry Mayer
Hathor
Ishbell
Ivory
Jack O' Lantern
Jean Hare
Jersey Beacon

Jersey's Ideal
Jersey's Masterpiece
Jim Moore
Jove
Kemp's Violet Wonder
King Midas
King Tut
Lady Lyndora
Laura Weber
Mae Sadler Reid
Marian Broomall
Minnie Eastman
Miss New York
Mrs. Alfred B. Seal
Mrs. Eleanor Martin
Nanaquaquet

Pansy G. White
Pimlico
Pepper's Delight
Pop Stewart
Regal
Salbach's White
Sanhican's Bluebird
Siskiyou
Sunny Jim Rolph
Susan G. Tevis
Tommy Atkins Sport
Treasure Island
Valeska
Vivanderi
Watchung Prince
Yellow Beauty

SPECIAL OFFER-One packet (15 seeds) each of 10 named parents, our selection, for \$5.00

SEED OF NAMED VARIETIES OF POMPONS

Packet of 50 seeds \$1.00; 500 seeds for \$5.00

Aimee	Darkest of All	Gruss Aus Wein	Orange
Amber Queen	Dawning	Ideal	Peggy Ann
Annie Doncastor	Dewdrop	Joan	Phyllis
Atom	Dr. Jim	Joe Fette	San Toy
Baccus	Elizabeth	Johnnie Peppin	Snow Clad
Bobby	Eva Salbach	Klein Domitae	Sunny Daybreak
Charming	Gene	Lilias	Sunset
Cheerfulness	George Ireland	Little David	Suzanne
Cora May	Girlie	Lolita	Taka's Purple
Dandy	Glow	Nellie Fraser	Topsy
Dark Eye	Goldie	Mars	Yellow Gem

SPECIAL OFFER-One packet (25 seeds) each of 10 named parents, our selection, for \$3.00

BE SURE TO ORDER A SECOND AND THIRD CHOICE if your order is placed after harvest, as many of our customers order a year in advance of the crop to insure a supply, and some varieties produce few seeds even when hand fertilized. Expect NOTHING from Dahlia Seed and be surprised with results, rather than plant with the idea that each plant will be a winner. We again urge the amateur to consider planting our XXX Grade Mixture, which gives by far the best chance, as we select the varieties from ten years of experience.

IRIS FROM SEED

Those who find it difficult to establish some of the rarer Iris species will be interested in the following list of seeds. Iris seeds may be sown in the Spring, in flower pots or in shallow wooden boxes or "flats." Any good garden soil will serve. Some will not germinate until the following Spring; therefore, be patient, and do not discard the plantings prematurely.

Per Pkt.	Per Pkt.	Per Pkt.
Aurea (Spuria)	Intermedia—Mixed	Pseudacorus gigantea
Bracteata	Kaempferi-Mixed	Sambucina
Bulleyana	Lacustris50	Siberica—Varied
Bucharica	Longipetala	Setosa
Chrysofor	Macrosiphon35	Spuria (Branin Hybrids)50
Chrysographes	Milesi	Alice Eastwood
Chrysophylla	Missouriensis	Hattie Branin
Dichotoma	Monnieri15	Golden State
Douglasi	Monspur	Mary Nulty
Ensata	Nepalensis	Susiana
Foetidissima	Ochroleuca15	Tectorum
Forresti	Orientalis	Tenax
Germanica—Mixed	Purdyi	Unguicularis (Stylosa)35
Gracilipes	Pumila	Versicolor
Hartwegi australis	Pseudacorus	Warei
		Wilsoni50

LILIES FROM SEED

Growing Lilies from seed is very interesting, and in some instances, it is more satisfactory than planting the bulbs. It requires from two to three years to obtain a flowering size bulb from seed. Some varieties of Lily seed germinate very quickly, while others remain in the ground one year before making any sign of growth. Therefore, care should be taken in not destroying the boxes or beds containing Lily seeds. The seeds may be grown either in the spring or the fall, in same manner as suggested for growing Gladiolus seed. When the seedlings are large enough to handle, they may be transplanted to a permanent location.

	Per Pkt.	Per Pkt.
Amabile	Humboldti magnificum35	Pomponicum
Auratum	Japonicum	Regale
Auratum platyphyllum	Kelloggi	Roezli—Yellow
Callosum	Martagon	Roezli—Red
Cernuum	Martagon album	Rubellum
Columbianum	Maximowiczii (Leichtlini)25	Rubescens
Cordifolium	Medeoloides35	Sargentiae
Concolor	Monadelphum (Colchicum)50	Speciosum magnificum50
Croceum	Pardalinum	Specisoum melpomene50
Davuricum	Parviflorum	Superbum
Elegans-Orange	Parryi	Princeps
Giganteum himalaicum50	Philadelphicum	Tenuifolium
Henryi35	Philippinense formosanum35	Washingtonianum
Humboldti25	Pyrenaicum aureum	Willmottiae50

SEEDS OF BULBOUS AND TUBEROUS ROOTED PLANTS

Growing bulbous plants from seed is a most fascinating pursuit, if one has the patience to wait one to three years for flowers. There is no particular difficulty attached to this work. It is only essential to bear in mind that the seeds of most bulbs are slower to germinate than those of annuals, often taking from six weeks to a year to break ground. A good method for growing these seeds in small lots is to prepare some good potting soil, and sow them in pots. These should not be subjected to severe cold, or allowed to dry out at any time. Seeds should be covered twice their own depth, preferably sifting the soil over them, and pressing down with a smooth block of wood. A mulch of peat will help to conserve moisture at the surface.

Many of the seeds in the following list are grown in our trial garden. Others are obtained from collectors and botanical gardens in foreign countries. Many bulbs can be obtained only by growing from seed on account of importation restrictions. The greatest care is taken to supply the very best seed, true to name. However, no responsibility is assumed for the results obtained. Orders will be filled when the seed is ready, or when received from foreign sources, usually in March or April. If possible, kindly give second and third choice in case some items have been sold out. Packets usually contain from 25

and third choice in case some items have been sold out. Packets usually contain from 25 to 100 seeds each, according to the value. Very rare varieties have from 6 to 12 seeds

Per Pkt.

per packet.

ACHIMENES—Mixed	.2
AGAPANTHUS umbellatus-Blue	.20
Umbellatus albus-White	.2
ALBUCA major-White and green	.2
Minor-Yellow and green	.2
ALLIUM azureum—Deep sky blue	.2
Cernum—Pink	2.
Ciliatum—White	.25
Cyaneum—Blue, dwarf	.2
Falcifolium—Deep rose, dwarf	.2
Flavum—Yellow, South Africa	
Moly—Sulphur vellow	.20
Moly—Sulphur yellow Neapolitanum—White, good cut flower	.20
Ostrowskianum—Purple	.23
Peninsulare—Deep pink	.2
Roseum—Palo roso tall	9:
Schoenoprasum—Light purple	.2.
Snowhall—Snow white tall	2
Schoenoprasum—Light purple Snowball—Snow white, tall Sphaerocephalum—Lilac-purple, very tall	2
ALSTROEMERIA—Mived	30
ALSTROEMERIA—Mixed AMARYLLIS belladonna major—Pink, fra-	•••
grant	.38
(See also Hippeastrum.)	.00
ANEMONE de Caen—Single mixed	.20
ANEMONE de Caen—Single mixed St. Brigid—Double and semi-double mixed	2
His Necellancy Vivid scarlet	3
His Excellency—Vivid scarletANOMATHECA—See Lapeyrousia.	
ANTHOLYZA aethionica—Orange	2.5
ANTHOLIZA actinopica—Orange	
ANTIGONON lentonus (Queen's Wreath)—	
ANTHOLYZA aethiopica—Orange	.2.
Pink	. 20
ARISAEMA draconitium—Bright green	.25
ARISAEMA draconitium—Bright green Griffithi—Rich purple, green veins: fine	.25
ARISAEMA draconitium—Bright green	.25
ARISAEMA draconitium—Bright green	.25
ARISAEMA draconitium—Bright green	.21
Fink ARISAEMA draconitium—Bright green Griffithi—Rich purple, green veins; fine — Himalayan species—Mixed Speciosa—Dark purple Triphyllum (Jack-in-the-Pulpit)—Purple and green	.25
ARISAEMA draconitium—Bright green	.26
ARISAEMA draconitium—Bright green Griffithi—Rich purple, green veins; fine — Himalayan species—Mixed Speciosa—Dark purple Triphyllum (Jack-in-the-Pulpit)—Purple and green Wallichiana—Brown, striped white ARISTEA capitata—Deep blue Lucida—Wedgewood blue ARUM italicum—White, tinged green Maculatum—Cream, spotted purple	.20
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Per 1	Pkt.
Frilled—Mixed Evansiana—Light pink Frau Helene Harms—Yellow, double Lloydi—For hanging baskets. Mixed Narcissiflora—Mixed Pearcei—Yellow Pearcei—Yellow	.30
Evansiana—Light pink	.35
Frau Helene Harms-Yellow, double	.35
Lloydi-For hanging baskets. Mixed	.30
Narcissiflora—Mixed	.35
Pearcei—Yellow	.35
BELAMCANDA sinensis (Blackberry Lily)— Iris family, Orange, spotted red	~-
PIDENS Jahlinidas Control 12	.25
BIDENS dahlioides — Cosmos-like tuberous rooted plant, with maroon flowers	95
BLETILLA hyacinthina—Chinese terrestrial	.20
orchid; amethyst-purple	25
BLOOMERIA crocea—Golden vellow: like a	.20
BLOOMERIA crocea—Golden yellow; like a Brodiaea or Allium	.25
BOUSSINGAULTIA baselloides (Mignonette	
Vine)—White, fragrant: tuberous root	25
BRODIAEA coccinea-Scarlet, green tips	.25
BRODIAEA coccinea—Scarlet, green tips Coronaria—Purple, wax-like	.15
Laxa—Violet-purple	.25
Towns drie Willet	.15
Laxa—Violet-purple Multiflora—Violet Terrestris—Violet Volubilis—Rose-pink; twining stem BULBINELLA robusta—Eremurus-like plant	.25
RILBINELLA robusto Francisco Ella plant	.Za
from South Africa; golden yellow flowers	95
CALLA—See Zantedeschia.	.20
CALOCHORTUS albus Poorly white	.15
Catalinae—Lilac Citrinus—Lemon-yellow, brown eye Kennedyi—Flame-colored	.25
Citrinus—Lemon-yellow, brown eye	.15
Kennedyi—Flame-colored	.25
Leichtini-Cream, banded green	.Zh
Maweanus—Lavender and white, dwarf	.20
Splanders D. Lilac-purple, very showy	.25
Vanuatus White and Head and Head	.25
segment wellow center	15
Venustus El Dorado—Fine hybrida many	.19
colors mixed	25
CAMASSIA leichtlini—Sky blue CANNA—Mixed	.25
CANNA—Mixed	.25
CHIONODOXA luciliae—Blue and white	.25
CHIONODOXA luciliae—Blue and white CHLIDANTHUS fragrans—Yellow CHLOROGALUM pomeridianum — Native bulb; many feathery white flowers on tall	.25
CHLOROGALUM pomeridianum — Native	
build; many feathery white flowers on tall	
Stems	.25
CHRYSOBACTRON hookeri — Asphodel-like plant from New Zealand. Golden yellow	
	25
CLIVIA miniata—Amaryllis-like: orange	35
COLCHICUM autumnale—Crocus-like fall	.00
COLCHICUM autumnale—Crocus-like; fall blooming. Mauve or purple	.25
COMMELINA coelestis (Sky Flower)-Blue	.25
Coelestis alba—White	.25

Per 1	Pkt.	Per F	kt.
CONVALLARIA majalis (Lily of the Valley).	25	Leucantha—Mauve	
COOPERIA drummondi (Rain Lily)-White	.15	Leucantha—White	
Pedunculata—White; larger	.25	Maculata—Orange and yellow shades, red	
CORYDALIS tuberosa—Lilac-pink: fern-like		eye	.25
foliage	.25	Micrandra—Old rose, black eye Polystachya—White, tinged red	.25
Moorei—Pink	35	Scariosa—Mauve, yellow eye	.25
List of other varieties on request subject to co	rop	Spectabilis	.25
NOTE: Crinum seeds should be planted imm		Spectabilis Viridiflora—Light green, black eye	.25
ately after they are ripe, as they do not k		Mixed	.20
long in storage.		IXIOLIRION pallasi (montanum)—Pretty Al-	
CROCUS iridiflorus (byzantinus)—Lilac		pine bulbs, allied to Alstroemeria. Umbels	
CYCLAMEN Crimson King—Crimson		of blue flowers	.30
Hederaefolium—Rose-pink	25	LACHENALIA (Cape Cowslip)—A lovely group of Cape bulbs, allied to Scilla.	
Perle von Zehlendorf—Dark salmon	.25	Great diversity of form and coloring.	
Rose von Marienthal-Soft pink	.25	Aurea—Deep orange	.25
CYRTANTHUS mackeni-White		Glaucina—White, red, yellow or bluish	.25
O'Brieni—Red		Orchioides-White, yellow, red or blue	.25
Parviflorus—Scarlet, tall	.35	Pendula—Yellow and red, tips red-purple	.25
DICENTRA chrysantha—Golden yellow DIERAMA pulcherrima—Cape Irid, like a very	.20	Pustulata—White, tinged red Reflexa—Creamy yellow, well opened	25
tall Ixia. Graceful racemes of nodding, bud-		Roodiae—Deep blue	.25
like flowers in shades of pink	.23	Tricolor—Yellow, green and red-purple	.25
like flowers in shades of pink		Unicolor—Purple Unifolia—White, tinged red or blue	.25
Spikes of cinnamon-scented white flowers ERANTHIS hyemalis (Winter Aconite)—Yel-	.25	Unifolia—White, tinged red or blue	.25
ERANTHIS hyemalis (Winter Aconite)—Yel-	0.5	Mixed—Several species	.20
low	25	I.APEYROUSIA—Cape Irid, related to Free-	
Himalaicus—Snowy white		sia. Cruenta—Rose-carmine	25
Olgae—Pale lilac	.25	Cruenta alba—White	
Turkestanicus-Brown, edged white	.25	Juncea—Rose-pink	
Hybrids—Mixed	.25	LATHYRUS tuberosus—Tuberous rooted per-	
FREESIA Aurora—Yellow	.25	ennial, allied to the Sweet Pea. Rose, fra-	
Rainbow—White, yellow, salmon and lilac,		grant	.25
mixed		LEUCOCORYNE ixioides odorata—Closely al-	
late	.25	lied to Milla biflora. Native of Chile. Flowers light blue, fragrant	25
Cirrhosa (India)—Purple and old gold		LIBERTIA grandiflora—New Zealand Irid,	
Delphinensis (tubaeformis) (Europe)-Wine-		like Moraea. Fine white flowers	.25
purple, spotted yellow	.25	like Moraea. Fine white flowersLILIUM—See separate list in this folder.	
Imperialis (Crown Imperial) (Asia)—Mixed	.25	MILLA biflora (Mexican Star Flower)—Pure	0.5
Lanceolata (Checker Lily) (California)— Purple, checkered greenish yellow Liliacea (California)—White, veined green	95	white. Intensely fragrant in evening	.25
Liliacea (California)—White, veined green	.25	MORAEA—This genus is found principally in South Africa, and replaces Iris in that re-	
Meleagris (Guinea Hen Flower (Europe)-	0	gion. Resembles Iris closely.	
Mixed	.25	Iridioides johnsoni-White, marked with li-	
Pudica (California)—Yellow	.25	lac and yellow; tall	.20
Recurva (California)—Scarlet and yellow	.25	Polystachya—Lilac	.25
Seropsis (India)—New introduction. Color unknown as yet. Try it	25	Spathacea—Yellow, marked purple Tripetala—Clear blue	.25
GALANTHUS nivalis (Snowdrop)-White,	.20	Villosa—Purple, blue-black marks	.25
tipped green	.25	MUSCARI armeniacum (Grape Hyacinth)—	
GALTONIA candicans (Giant Summer Hya-		Deep cobalt blue; large	.20
cinth)—White, bell-shaped flowers; tall	.20	Heavenly Blue-Sky blue	.15
Princeps—White, marked green; shorter	.25	NARCISSUS bulbocodium citrinus (Hoop Pet-	9.5
GEISSORHIZA hirta—Cape Irid, allied to Ixia. Bright red	25	ticoat Daffodil)—Clear yellow, dainty	35
GLADIOLUS—See Spring Catalog.	.20	Cyclamineus—Yellow, reflexed King Alfred—Pure yellow, very large	.35
GLORIOSA superba (Climbing Lily)-Lily-		Poeticus—White scarlet eve	.25
like flowers, red and yellow	.35	Triandrus albus (Angels' Tears Daffodil)—	
GLOXINIA—Mixed	.25	Creamy white	.35
HEDYCHIUM garderianum (Garland Lily)—	95	Short Cupped Varieties Mixed	.25
Yellow	.20 25	Short Cupped Varieties—Mixed NERINE—Mixed Hybrids	50
HEMEROCALLIS—Pale yellow, gold and or-	.20	NOTHOSCORDUM fragrans—Tropical Ameri-	.00
ange, mixed	.25	can hulb allied to Brodiaga IImbels of	
HEXAGLOTTIS virgata—Cape Irid, resem-		white flowers, on tall stems. Delicate fra-	
bling a Tigridia or Homeria in shape.	0=	grance	.15
Bright yellow	.20	NYMPHAEA (Water Lily). Bissetti—Clear pink	25
white	25	Dentata superba—Pure white	
white	.35	George Huster-Rich crimson. Hybrid	.30
HOMEKIA collina aurantiaca—Cane Irid. verv		Sturtevanti—Bright red	.25
like the "Peacock Iris" (Moraea glaucopis) in habit and shape of flower. Bright red		Zanzibarensis azurea—Bright blue	.30
in habit and shape of flower. Bright red	.20	OPNITHOCALUM legtonma White laws	.25
HYACINTHUS amethystinus—Light blue	95	ORNITHOGALUM lacteums—White; large spike	25
Azureus—Muscari-like; blue, fragrant Candicans—See Galtonia	.40	Pyramidale—White green strine on reverse	.25
Candicans—See Galtonia. Orientalis (Dutch Hyacinth)—Mixed	.25	Thyrsoides (Chincherinchee)—White: fine	.25
		Thyrsoides aureum-Golden yellow	.25
deep pink morning-glory-like flowers IRIS—See separate list in this folder. IXIA incarnata (Clanwilliam Bluebell)	.25	Thyrsoides (Chincherinchee)—White; fine Thyrsoides aureum—Golden yellow Thyrsoides kewense—Pale yellow OSTROWSKIA magnifica (Giant Bell-flower)	.25
IRIS—See separate list in this folder.	0.5	OSTROWSKIA magnifica (Giant Bell-flower)	0-
IAIA incarnata (Clanwilliam Bluebell)	.25	—Pale blue; tuberous rooted	.Z5

: :

Per P	kt. Per Pkt.
PANCRATIUM maritimum (Sea Daffodil)—	TIGRIDIA pavonia rosea—Rose-pink, center
Pure white, fragrant	
PARADISEA liliastrum (St. Bruno's Lily)-	Mixed Hybrids—Cream, yellow, orange, sal-
Spikes of snowy white flowers	.25 mon, crimson, scarlet and lavender
PHLOMIS tuberosa-Tuberous-rooted plant,	TRICIRIIS HITTA (Japanese Toad Lily)—
allied to Salvia. Spikes of rose-purple flow-	White, shaded violet. Leaves and stems downy
ers	.25 TRILLIUM ovatum (Wake Robin)—Snowy
PHORMIUM tenax (New Zealand Flax)-A	white suffused pink
noble plant, grown for its giant, Iris-like	TRITOMA (Red Hot Poker)—Hybrids, mixed .25
foliage. 6 to 9 feet	
PUSCHKINIA libanotica-Pretty Scilla-like	Crocata—Flame-scarlet, dwarf
bulb. Bluish white flowers; dwarf	.25 Deusta—Orange
RANUNCULUS French mixed-White, yellow,	Lineata—White to pink; Gladiolus-like25
rose and scarlet	
ROMULEA rosea—Crocus-like Cape Irid. Red-	Squalida—Deep pink
lilac flowers with yellow throat	
ROSCOEA cautleoides—Allied to Hedychium.	-Creamy white, splashed carmine on re-
Tuberous root. Flowers soft yellow, like a	verse; yellow center; dwarf
Gladiolus	
Mixed	.15 eye
Italica—Pale blue, fragrant	.25 Species mixed
Nutans (English Bluebell)—Mixed	
Peruviana—This is erroneously called "Cu-	Cottage Mixed—Tall, graceful sorts
ban Lily" or "Peruvian Hyacinth" by	Darwin mixed—Similar to Breeder group20
many dealers. It is a native of the Medi-	URGINEA maritima (Medicinal Squill)—Scil-
terranean region. Fine, large spikes of	la-like. White flowers with brown keels25
blue flowers, in various shades. Distinct	
Sibirica (Siberian Bluebell)—Rich blue	.25 green foliage, with wavy edges. Flowers
SISYRINCHIUM bellum—Like a miniature	Tritoma-like, coral pink
Iris, with regular, 6-parted flowers. Blue	.25 WACHENDORFFIA thryrsiflora—South Afri-
Iridifolium-Primrose yellow	
Striatum—Bright yellow, striped darker	
SPARAXIS Ariadne—White, outside violet Fire King—Brilliant scarlet, yellow eye	
Grandiflora alba—White	
Grandiflora atropurpurea—Rich purple	
Jeanette—Soft rose, white eye	
Tricolor—Red, yellow and black	
Tubiflora-Light yellow; distinct species	
SPARONIA-Hybrid between Sparaxis and	Meriana-Varies from rose to white
Tritonia. Mixed	
SPREKELIA formosissima (Jacobean Lily)—	Versfeldi—White
Fine dark crimson flowers	
STENANTHIUM robustum — Panicles of	Candida—White
creamy white flowers	
STREPTANTHERA cuprea—Closely allied to	Texana—Yellow and copper
Sparaxis. Prevailing color combination is tango red, with purple zone and yellow	to Camassia. Spikes of cream-colored flow-
eye; somewhat variable. Mixed	
cyc, comentat rationics manee	22, Will deginered jellon at base miniminimi 120

SEEDS OF ANNUALS AND PERENNIALS

The following seeds are offered as a result of my acquiring the retail business of Chageda Gardens. They are all fresh and of the best quality, and will give uniformly satisfactory results with proper care

Instruction and statisfactory results with proper care.

I offer a mixture of California wild flower seeds, for broadcasting in waste places. These will make a brilliant display through the spring and summer, with a minimum of care, and will self-sow and come up year after year, if weeds are kept down. 10 cents per packet; 50 cents per ounce.

Following the name of each plant will be found initial letters, designating its general character. "A" stands for "annual," "B" for "biennial," "P" for "perennial," "H" for "hardy," "HH" for "half-hardy," and "T" for "tender."

ABRONIA (HHP)—Trailing rockery plant;	.10
ACHILLEA "The Pearl" (HP)-Pure white	1
ACROCLINIUM (HA)—Everlasting. Double	
white, rose or mixed	.10
AGATHEA—See Felicia.	
AGERATUM (HHA)— Blue or snow-white	.10
AGROSTIS nebulosa (Cloud Grass) (HA)—	
Good for dry bouquets	.1
ALONSOA (TA)—Showy scarlet flowers.Al-	
lied to Antirrhinum	.10
ALYSSUM (HA)—Fragrant flowers; white,	
yellow, lavender or mixed	.10

Per P	kt.
AMARANTUS (TA)—A group of tropical an-	
nuals used in masses, for the brilliant ef-	
fects of their colored foliage and catkin-	
like spikes of red or purple flowers.	
Abyssinicus—Drooping red spikes	.10
Caudatus (Love-lies-bleeding)-Blood red	
Tricolor splendens (Joseph's Coat)—Leaves	
of many colors; for bedding	.10
AMMOBIUM alatum (HA) — Everlasting;	
white	10
ANCHUSA italica (HP)—Gentian blue	.15
Capensis (HA)—Like a large Forget-me-	
not	10

Per Pl	rkt. Per Pkt.
Blue Bird (HA)—Rich indigo blue	.25 COSMOS (HHA)—One of the most useful late
ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon) (HP).	flowers, blooming until frost. Early Giant Single—Mixed
Medium Tall Varieties—Amber Queen, Crimson Queen, Golden Queen, silver-pink, or-	Early Grant Single—Mixed
ange-scarlet, clear yellow, pure white, or	Early Crested—Many come double. Mixed20 Late Giant Single—Mixed
in mixture	.10 Late Crested—Many come double. Mixed15
Giant Varieties—Apple Blossom (rose and	DEI DUINIUM (HP) Poronniel lerkenurs in
white), Canary Bird, Copper King, Old Gold, Snowflake, the Rose, or in Mixture.	many lovely shades of blue and purple.
Gold, Snowflake, the Rose, or in Mixture .	.25 Several crops per season, if flowers are
AQUILEGIA (Columbine) (HB).	cut
Chrysantha—Yellow	·15 Wrexham Hollyhock—Fine English hybrids .50
Coerulea-Blue and white	.15 Vanderhilt Hybrids—Lighter shades prevail .50
Long-spurred Hybrids-Blue, pink, or mixed .	
Long-spurred Hybrids-Orange and scarlet	best English strains
shades; new	
Mrs. Scott Elliott Strain—Long-spurred hybrids, mixed	tractive in masses. Dark blue, light blue,
ARCTOTIS grandis (HHA)—Daisy-like ;white,	out in the out of the
reverse lilac-blue, blue center	.10 DIANTHUS caryophyllus (Carnation) (HP).
ARGEMONE (Mexican Poppy) (HHA)-	Chabaud's Giant Improved—Rose, white,
Creamy whitet to rich yellow, mixed	.10 yellow, crimson, red or mixed
ARMERIA formosa (Sea Pink) (HP)—Bright	DOLICHOS lignosus (Australian Pea Vine)
pink	.15 (HHP)—Vigorous vine; pink pea-shaped
ASTER (Michaelmas Daisy) (HP)-These are	flowers
not to be confused with the "Asters" sold	ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy) (HHP) Fine mixed, many colors
by florists, which resemble Chrysanthemums.	Ramona—Frilled, coppery gold, pink shad-
The latter will be found under Callistephus.) They are native plants, blooming in the fall,	ing
with masses of single flowers ranging from	FELICIA amelloides (Blue Marguerite)
white to purple. Mixed	.10 (HHP)—Sometimes known as Agathea co-
BARTONIA aurea (HA)—Bright yellow	.10 elestis. Sky blue
BELLIS perennis (English Daisy) (HP)— Double pink, red, white or mixed	GAILLARDIA grandiflora "Dazzler" (HP)—
Double pink, red, white or mixed	.10 Fine new strain; very choice
BROWALLIA (TA)—Shades of blue, white	GERBERA (Transvaal Daisy) (HHP)—Mixed .50
center, mixed	
CALENDULA (Cape Marigold) (HHA)—	on long stems; good for cutting.
Shades of orange, yellow and cream, mixed. Sensation—Orange, golden yellow center	
Radio—Petals curled and twisted; new	
CALLIOPSIS (Annual Coreopsis) (HHA)—	GODETIA (HA)—Covered with brilliant, sat-
Shades of yellow, marked brown, mixed	.10 iny flowers until frost. Double mauve, crim-
CALLISTEPHUS (China Aster) (HA)—This is the "Aster" of florists, not to be con-	son, carmine or mixed
is the "Aster" of florists, not to be con-	GYPSOPHILA elegans (HP)—White. Good
fused with the true botanical Aster, or	filler in bouquets. Sometimes called "Baby's
Michaelmas Daisy. California Giant—Peach blossom, light blue,	Breath"
deen rose, dark nurnle, white or mixed	HELICHRYSUM (Strawflower) (HA) — A very popular "everlasting." Double gold.
deep rose, dark purple, white or mixed American Beauty—Mixed	.10 canary, orange, salmon, violet, white or
Pompon—Mixed	.10 mixed
Single—Mixed	
CAMPANULA medium (Canterbury Bell)	lilac, white or mixed
(HB)—Pink, blue or mixed	.10 IMPATIENS (Balsam) (TA)—Mixed
blue, white or mixed	
CARDIOSPERMUM halicacabum (Balloon	flowers. Red, pink, white or mixed
Vine) (TA)—Dainty vine. White flowers,	LOBELIA Crystal Palace—Fine blue bedder10
followed by balloon-like green pods	
CELOSIA (TA)—Allied to Amarantus.	sky blue, white or mixed
Childsi (Chinese Woolflower)—Yellow and red, mixed	Polyphyllus (HP)—Rose, blue, white or mixed
Cristata (Cockscomb)—Dwarf mixed	.10 MYOSOTIS palustris (Forget-me-not) (HP)—
Plumosa (Ostrich Plume)-Yellow, red or	Pink, blue, white or mixed
mixed	.15 PANSY (Viola tricolor) (HHP).
CENTAUREA cyanus (Cornflower) (HA)-	Giant Trimardeau-Large; many colors
Blue, pink, white or mixed	.10 mixed
Imperialis (Sweet Sultan) (HHA)—Rose, lavender, purple, white or mixed	Chageda Mixture—Best selection from lead- ing strains
CHEIRANTHUS allioni (Alpine Wallflower)	Masterpiece Mixture—Remarkable for size
(HHB)—Brilliant orange	
CHRYSANTHEMUM carinatum (Painted	Swiss Giant-New strain, with large flow-
Daisy) (TA)—Brilliant colors, mixed	.15 ers, long stems, and unusual colors50
Shasta Daisy (HP)—Hybrid between C.	PETUNIA (HHA)—A wonderful selection be-
maximum and C. leucanthemum. Large single white flowers, 5 inches across. (The	low. Puffled Moneton Mixed 50
variety "Alaska")	Ruffled Monster—Mixed
CINERARIA (HHA)—Mixed hybrids	
CLARKIA (HA)-Dauble salmon, scarlet,	habit
pink or mixed	.10 Burbank's Blue—Shades of blue and purple .25
COIX lacryma-Jobi (Job's Tears (TA)—A tall	Howard's Star—Purple with white star15
ornamental grass, bearing hard, bony seeds,	Hybrida pendula—Trailing; for baskets.
which are strung into necklaces like beads in the East Indies, where it is a native	Pink, blue, white or mixed
COREOPSIS lanceolata grandiflora (HP)—An	Prolific Purple—Royal purple bedder; dwarf .25
improved strain of the well-known single.	.10 PENSTEMON barbatus (Chelone) (HP)—Cor-
Flore pleno-Double; new; very attractive	.25 al red

Per Pkt.	Lavender
RUDBECKIA (Cone Flower) (HA)—Semi-	ASTA OHN SPENCER—Rich lavender; one of
double golden yellow flowers on long stems; good for cutting	the best; flowers large. Hawlmark Lavender—Splendid large lavender.
SALPIGLOSSIS (HHA)—Closely related to	
Petunia, and of similar habit, but taller.	Light Pink
Color range is quite different, with many	Blanche Ferry Spencer-Large flowers, pink
bizarre combinations of brilliant shades.	and white. Countess Spencer—A lovely clear pink, shading
Mixed	deeper at the edge.
SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride) 'HA)—Fine, improved strain of thtis old favorite. Rose,	Elegance—Blush lilac, suffused pink.
improved strain of thtis old favorite. Rose,	Elfrida Pearson.—Large shell pink.
flesh, azure, scarlet, black, white or mixed10	Hercules—Giant pure pink. Picture—Pale pink suffused apricot.
STOCK (Matthiola incana) (HA). Beauty of Nice—Delightfully fragrant. Many	Mary Pickford—Dainty cream pink, suffused
are double. Old rose, lavender pink, flesh	salmon.
pink, crimson, lavender, violet, canary, white or mixed	Maroon
	Warrior-Rich maroon flushed bronze.
SWEET PEA (Lathyrus odoratus) (HHA).	Orange and Salmon
Early flowering Giant Spencer—These are	Barbara—Superb self-colored salmon.
planted largely by florists, for early cut flowers. Will bloom about four weeks earlier than standard sorts.	Guinea Gold-Splendid glowing orange, shaded
earlier than standard sorts.	gold. Packet 15c. Helen Lewis—Orange pink; wings orange sal-
All White—One of the best wavy whites 15	mon.
Ball Rose—Sparkling rose	Primrose Or Light Yellow
Blue Bird—One of the best violet-blues15	_
Chevalier—Strong growing rose	Dffodil—The best yellow yet introduced. Pack- et 15c.
Columbia—Salmon pink, white wings	Dobbie's Cream—Deep primrose.
Fair Maid—Blush pink and salmon, white	Scarlet
ground	Defiance-New. A beautiful orange scarlet; a
Giant Rose—New, mammoth rose	fine large flower. Packet 25c.
Grenadier—Fine, new glowing scarlet25	Fiery Cross—Large; intense orange scarlet.
Grenadier—Fine, new glowing scarlet	King Edward Spencer—Rich, crimson scarlet; large.
Hercules—Giant pure pink	White
Illumination—An excellent salmon-cerise15 Imperial Pink—New. Gigantic clear pink25	Constance Hinton-One of the largest varie-
Miss Louise Gude—Brilliant pink show type .15	ties; flowers white; black seeded. King White—Gigantic flowers; pure white.
Mrs. Kerr—Best salmon; large, wavy	King White—Gigantic flowers; pure white.
New Blue—Large deep blue	Snowball—Undoubtedly the finest pure white
Orange King—New. Deepest glowing orange .25 Pink Cherokee—New. Pink-salmon on cream .25	variety. Packet 25c. White Spencer—Pure white; large size.
	Price, any of the above varieties, except where
Rose Dore—Rose pink suffused orange15 Snowstorm—Improved long stemmed white15	noted, 10c per packet; 40c per oz.; \$1.25 per
Spring Song—Exquisite cream pink. New25 The Beauty—Unusual shade; fiery rose15	1-4 lb.
The Beauty—Unusual shade; fiery rose15	Chageda Giant Spencers
Torch—An excellent salmon-rose	Mixed—A very well blended mixture of the
Vulcan—Glistening scarlet; sunproof	above sorts, and some of the newer ones, not yet introduced. Packet 10c; 1 oz. 30c; 1-2 lb.
White Harmony—Fine pure white. New25	\$1.00; 1 lb. \$3.00.
Zvolanek's Rose—A giant exhibition rose-	Offer No. E-80. Collection of GIANT SPENCER
pink	SWEET PEAS—One packet of 12 named
Offer No. E-81. One packet each of nine	varieties of our selection \$1.00.
of above varieties of our selection1.00	TAGETES (Marigold) (HHA)-A very desir-
Offer No. E-82. CHAGEDA MIXED EARLY	able flower in any garden. Needs no des-
SPENCERS, in excellent selection of vari-	cription.
eties. Packet 15c; 1-2 oz. 40c; 1 oz. 75c;	Tall African—Golden Ball, Lemon Ball or mixed
1-4 lb. \$2.50; lb	Dwarf French—Golden Ball
STANDARD GIANT SPENCERS	VERBENA (HHP)—Beautiful bedding plants,
For Spring and Summer Bloom	giving a gorgeous display throughout the summer. Treat as annuals in cold cli-
Blue and Purple	mates. Pink, scarlet, blue, yellow, white
Commander Godshal-A beautiful rich, violet	or mixed10
blue.	Hybrid Giants—Extra large and fine. Mixed .15
Royal Purple-Rich purple; one of the finest	VIOLA cornuta (Tufted Pansies)—A sheet of
varieties.	color throughout the season. Blue, yellow, white or mixed
Deep Pink Or Rose	white or mixed
Apple Blossom Spencer—Standard light rose;	Dahlia Flowered—Choice mixture
wings primrose flushed rose.	Giants of California—Very large
Hawlmark Pin—Rose pink flushed and shaded	bedders. Salmon-rose, scarlet, canary.
with salmon.	bedders. Salmon-rose, scarlet, canary, white or mixed

MISCELLANEOUS BULBS. TUBERS AND RARE PLANTS

ACHIMENES

Profuse blooming tuberous plants for greenhouse or conservatory. Closely allied to Gloxinias and require same culture. Three or more should be planted in a pot. They flower in the summer months for a period of 8 to 10 weeks. The tubers are very small.

	Each	Doz.
GALATEA. Large deep lavender	.35	3.50
MAGNIFICA. Beautiful violet	.30	3.00
PURITY. Large pure white	.25	2.50
PURPLE QUEEN. Fine rich purple	.30	3.00
SUPREME. Lavender with light center Superfine mixture		3.50 2.00

Collection of 3 each variety; 15 good strong tubers for 3.25



Acidanthera Bicolor

ACIDANTHERA

BICOLOR. Lovely fragrant flower; creamy white with chocolate blotch on the inside. Native to South Africa. About 15 inches high. Very rare. Grows outside with protection. Supposed to be the intermediate link between Gladiolus and Ixia. Our exhibits of Acidanthera at the California Flower Festival created a great deal of interest, thousands of flower-lovers seeing it in bloom for the first time. Supply limited the first time. Supply limited.

	E.	acn	Doz.
Large bulbs		.75	7.50
Medium size	bulbs	.50	5.00

ACONITUM (Monkshood)

Lovely hooded flowers blooming from midsummer to late fall. Grow in either sun or shade. The tubers are poisonous. Delivery from late fall to early spring.

Each Doz. AUTUMNALE. Large dark blue flowers40



Agapanthus Umbellatus

AGAPANTHUS (African Lily)

UMBELLATUS (Blue Lily of the Nile). Lovely Summer and Fall flowering plant of the Lily family, bearing a large number of beautiful flowers in umbels, on long stems. Has long blooming period. Desirable for indoor decoration. Requires protection where winters are severe. Can be grown in tubs for conservatory or terrace.

	Each	Doz.
Strong root divisions	.75	7.50
Medium size divisions	.35	3.50
Established plants in tubs, \$3.00; \$4.00; \$5.	00; \$	\$10.00;
15.00 ; 20.00 ; 25.00 and 50.00 . Shipped expr collect.	ess c	harges
UMBELLATUS ALBUS. Same as above, but having white flowers. Strong divisions	1.00	10.00

AGLAONEMA

Each

COSTATUM. A dwarf-growing Aroid suitable for the



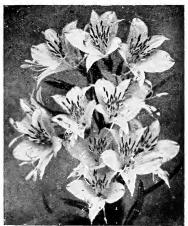
Agapanthus Umbellatus Albus



Allium



Alstroemeria Aurantiaca



Alstroemeria Pulchella

ALLIUM

A large family of plants that have until recently, been little known. However, through the efforts of The American Horticultural Society and from the many articles appearing frequently in their official Bulletin, "The National Horticultural Magazine," a great deal of interest in this group of bulbs has been aroused. The flowers are borne in large umbels and are very beautiful, the blooms often being very fragrant. Clumps of a dozen or more bulbs will form pleasing patches of color in the border. Excellent for naturalizing or for the rock garden. Once established, no further care is required and in a short time will form large colonies. Following is a list of species suitable for both Spring and Fall planting. Should you desire to obtain a complete collection, order all species now and those requiring Fall planting will be shipped at the proper time.

	Each	Doz.
BREVISTYLUM (Alpine Onion). Erect umbels of showy deep rose flowers with stems a foot tall. Requires moist humus soil	;	3.50
CERNUUM. Native. Wide flat foliage and nod- ding heads of clear pink flowers. Very fine. Height 10 to 12 inches		2.00
CYANEUM. Dwarf form with pendant heads of light blue in May and June		3.50
DESERTICOLA (Desert Onion). Blooms in early Spring. Large umbels of white flowers; petals marked with dark midrib	3	2.00
HELLERI. Crimson-pink flowers, in flat umbels	.15	1.50
MUTABILE. Pretty clusters of white flowers, 6 inches high		1.50
PULCHELLUM. Lovely heads of rose; blooming in late Summer		2.50
RUBY GEM. Beautiful rose shade; very rare	30	3.00
THIBETICUM. Dwarf. Flowers lilac-mauve Blooms in early Summer. Rare type, fine for rock garden	r	3.00
VALIDUM. Grows in large clumps 1 to 2 feet high, with showy rose colored flowers. Mois ture loving	-	3.00
1 each of above 10 species labeled, 2.25 postpaid		

ALOCASIA

1 each of 6 species, our selection, labeled, 1.00

Tropical plants suitable for patio or water gardens. Hardy only in the far South. Otherwise use only as Summer bedding plants.

Each Doz.

INDICA. Fine subject for its stiff, arrow-like leaves; deep reddish-purple and lead-green col-

ALPINIA (Shell Flower)

Tuberous plant, semi-tropical; same climatic requirements as Alocasia. The green leaves have a spicy odor when crushed.

FORMOSANA. Pure white flowers, slightly veined crimson. Dainty but striking. Strong divisions

ALSTROEMERIA (Peruvian Lily)

Many lovely spikes of golden yellow, orange and various shades of pink to rose flowers; some beautifully spotted. Excellent as cut flowers and keep for a long time. Require rich soil, and plenty of moisture, with good drainage.

	Each	Doz
AURANTIACA. Beautiful shade of orange with		
brown spots		2.50
CHILENSIS. Mixed shades of pink, rose and		
orange, some of which are spotted brown		5.00
LUTEA. Lovely golden yellow		3.00
PULCHELLA (A. psittacina) (The Parrot		
Lily). Crimson, splashed green and mahogany.		
Height 1 1-2 to 2 feet. Very colorful and rare	.75	7.50

AMAR-CRINUM

HOWARDI. A true bigeneric hybrid produced by crossing Crinum Moorei on Amaryllis Belladon-na. Soft pink flowers on stems three feet tall

AMARYLLIS

BELLADONNA MAJOR. Fine pink trumpet	-	
shaped flowers in August. Fragrant. (Also	0	
see Hippeastrum)	50	5,00

AMOMUM (Elettaria)

CARDAMOMUM. Decorative for its foliage only. Is of particular interest for the thick, leathery

AMORPHOPHALLUS

RIVIERI. A curious and interesting Aroid, which blooms without soil or moisture when the bulb is 4 years old. Flower resembles a gigantic reddish Calla and appears before the leaves on stems rising 3 to 4 feet high; the flower is soon followed by interesting massive-looking foliage which is supported on a thick prettily marked stem.

Strong flowering 4 year old bulbs10.00 110.00 Strong 3 year old bulbs 4.50 Strong 2 year old bulbs 2.75

ANEMONE JAPONICA

Lovely fall flowers in many colors. The blooms are similar in shape to the Spring flowering DeCaen type, but are much taller. They bloom from September until late Each Doz. 3.00 3.00 3.00

ANTHERICUM LILIAGO

(ST. BERNARD'S LILY) Each Doz. Pure white flowers of the Lily family. Long grassy leaves. Require sun and a rich, damp soil. Fall and spring delivery 4.00

ANTIGONON (Queen's Wreath)

Each Doz. LEPTOPUS. A tuberous-rooted climbing vine bearing coral-pink flowers in great profu-sion during the late summer and early fall months. Requires full sun and the warmer the better. Strong tubers 4.00

APIOS

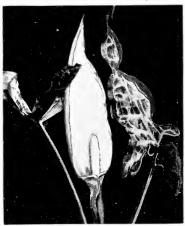
TUBEROSA (Tuberous-rooted Wisteria). Clusters of rich deep purple flowers which have a delicious violet fragrance. Good for trellises15



Amaryllis Belladonna Major



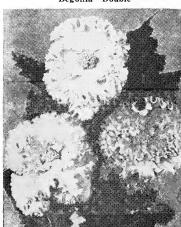
Anemone (Wind Flower)



Arum Italicum



Begonia-Double



Begonia Crispa



Begonia Narcissiflora

ARISAEMA

Each Doz.

2.50

ARISTEA

Fibrous-rooted Irids, much prized in South Africa, where they are native. Beautiful blue flowers on tall stems, 2 to 6 feet. Habit of Moraea iridioides, but much larger. Stock limited.

 CAPITATA.
 Deep blue; 6 feet
 6 feet
 1.00

 LUCIDA.
 Wedgewood blue; 2 feet
 1.00

ARRHENATHERUM

ARUM

Plants properly belonging under this heading will be found in the Fall catalog. Many genera of Aroids are commonly listed as "Arums" for trade purposes, some of these being Amorphophallus, Sauromatum, Dracunculus, Zantedeschia. These will be found in my catalog under their correct names. (See cut of Arum italicum on preceding page.)

ASCLEPIAS

Each Doz

BEGONIA (Tuberous Rooted)

Begonias are among the most beautiful of all summer flowering plants. They are in constant bloom, when well cared for, from early July until cut down by frost in the fall.

Our Begonias are grown from seed imported directly from England, and are without exception of the finest stock offered anywhere in this country. It is impossible to describe adequately the exquisite refinement of form, the many interesting varieties or types and the gorgeous colors.

Begonias are adapted to use in window boxes, as potplants in conservatory, sunroom or terrace; or, as bedding plants in a partly shaded location. An ideal spot is under oak trees or in the rock garden where they will be shaded during the heat of the day.

during the heat of the day.

We offer many distinct types of Begonias, all of which are of entirely different formation. Each type contains a full range of colors from pure white, delicate pink and rose to the most brilliant reds and scarlets; also pastel shades of salmon, apricot and soft yellow. The autumn tones of orange and golden bronze are in great demand for table decorations at dinners or parties during the harvest season. They should be arranged in low bowls or trays previously filled with moist moss and ferns. Also much used as dinner favors or corsage bouquets.

CULTURAL REQUIREMENTS

Begonias are so easy to grow that anyone can grow them to perfection when the culture is fully understood. The tubers are ready to send out in January and can be supplied as late as the last of April. Should they be procured early, no sign of growth will be noticeable and they should be stored and left undisturbed until the first of April, when the tubers will show a pink swelling in the center. They should then be planted in shallow wooden boxes, placed in a greenhouse or cold-frame, to be later planted in beds outside after all danger of frost has passed. If flower pots are used, place 1 tuber in a 5" pot, or 3 tubers in a 7" pot, which will give a better effect and is more satisfactory. Be sure not to pot the tubers too deep; they should be placed so that the top of the crown is slightly above the soil. Water very lightly at first, until active growth has started, increasing the supply of moisture as the plant de-

velops, but at no time should they be overwatered. This can be overcome to a great extent by providing good drainage. An ideal soil for Begonias is 1-3 well-decayed leaf mold, 1-3 An ideal soil for begonias is 1-3 well-decayed leaf mold, 1-3 rich garden loam and 1-3 sharp sand. Do not mix stablor or other manure with the soil, but use as top dressing, when planted in beds outside (which should be slightly raised).

For the potted plants, weak liquid manure should be given twice a week when the first flower buds make their ap-pearance. To get best results, all the first lot of buds should be picked off, which will make stronger plants and

larger flowers.

Should Begonias be grown in the conservatory or green house, care must be taken to shade them from the hot sun, just enough to prevent scorching. Atmosphere must be kept moist by sprinkling sides and floor, also syringing the plants on bright mornings. To dampen foliage when days are cloudy may cause mildew.

STORING BEGONIA TUBERS

As the plants cease to bloom, moisture should be gradu-

As the plants cease to bloom, moisture should be gradually decreased until foliage turns yellow and falls off, after which time they must start to dry out.

When fully dry, the pots may be stored away on their sides in a dark place where the temperature is low, but never below freezing. The tubers may also be lifted, cleaned of soil and thoroughly dried, then stored in boxes in Holland peat, sawdust or very dry sand. Should be kept dry until planting time again. Colors: Pink, red, rose, white, yellow, orange searlet or mixed. orange scarlet or mixed.

orange scarter or mixed.	Each	Doz.
GIANT SINGLE. Flowers are of mammoth size, often six inches across. Colors as above	.20	2.00
have the appearance of round balls of velvet- like petals. Colors as above		2.50
CRISPA. An extra fine strain of single Begonia with fluted and ruffled edges. Colors same as singles		2.50
GIANT CRISTATA. The most beautiful of all. Large, ruffled edge blooms with solid crested center. Called the doubled ruffled Begonia. Colors same as singles		2.50
FRAU HELENE HARMS. Dwarf and compact, with perfect crown of double yellow flowers. Very free blooming. Fine for bedding or		
borders NARCISSIFLORA. The male blooms of this type resemble a large trumpet Daffodil. Mixed pastel shades. Supply limited		
PEARCEI. The original parent of all yeilow tuberous Begonias. Sulphur yellow flowers on long stems		
PENDULA. Splendid for growing in hanging baskets or as individual specimens in pots where the branches drooping over the edge produce masses of attractive showy flowers		5.00
Choicest colors, mixed	.50	5.00

BELAMCANDA (Blackberry Lily)

(Synonym: Pardanthus) Each Doz. Large orange flowers, spotted

SINENSIS. brown, which last for only a short time. Belongs to the Iris family. The clusters of round, shining black seeds are said to resemble black-..... .25 2.50 berries

wine-red stems, leaves green with red veins and margins; flowers numerous, coppery red

BILLBERGIA Each Doz.

NUTANS. Tropical plant with long spikes of rose and green flowers edged with green. Can be grown outside where warm or make ideal subjects for pot plants or hanging baskets. Require abundance of moisture during growing



Begonia Pendula



Belamcanda Sinensis



Canna



Chlidanthus Fragrans



Clivia Miniata



Convallaria Majalis

BLETILLA

Each Doz.

HYACINTHINA. Beautiful Chinese terrestrial orchid, deep rosy lilac. Requires semi-shade with moist, well drained soil. Easy culture in temperate climates. Strong tubers 1.00 10.00

BOUSSINGAULTIA (Madeira Vine)

Each Doz. BASELLOIDES. Rapid growing vine; heart shaped leaves of light green with racemes of feathery flowers, delightfully fragrant. Commonly called "Mignonette Vine"

2.00

FANCY-LEAVED CALADIUM

Splendid ornamental foliage, dying down through the winter. The leaves arrow-shaped, marked with bright colors, red, green, yellow, purplish and sometimes a transparent white. Prefer a moist and half-shaded place with rich soil. They are fine for house plants and window boxes.

Fancy-leaved mixed varieties, 2.00 per doz.

Collection of 1 each of 12, fancy-leaved Caladiums, all labeled separately, our selection, 2.75

CALADIUM ESCULENTUM

(See Colocasia)

CANNA

Cannas have always been in demand and now with the wonderful new colorings and the improved size of flowers, they are even more popular. The large, handsome, orna-mental foliage and beautiful spikes of bright flowers make the cannas ideal for mass plantings, backgrounds, borders or hedges. They may now be obtained in heights varying from 3 to 6 feet, and in colors of rose, orange, to pure white. Also some foliage is bright green and some a rich bronze. Doz. 1.00 Mixed colors

1 each of 12 named varieties; full range of colors, but

CHLIDANTHUS

FRAGRANS. Sometimes called "Delicate Lily." The name doubtless refers to the clear rich yellow flowers, which resemble a miniature Amaryllis. Very fragrant. Hardy when well mulched

2.50

CLIVIA (Imantophyllum)

MINIATA. Amaryllis-like plants with handsome evergreen foliage and large umbels of flowers of bright scarlet with yellow throat. A native of South Africa and named for a duchess of Northumberland and member of the Clive family. Make excellent house plants; spring flowering ______ 1.00 10.00

COLOCASIA

ANTIQUORUM ESCULENTA. (Elephant's Ear).

3.50

7.50

black MONORRHIZA NIGRA. Leaves velvety green on

7.50

CALLA PALUSTRIS

The native wild Calla of the Eastern States. For marsh and aquatic gardens. Pure white (For other Callas, see Zantedeschia)

.25 2.50

CONVALLARIA MAJALIS LILY OF THE VALLEY

For forcing, the pips are to be preferred, being grown under conditions tending to promote vigorous and early blooming. Twelve to eighteen pips may be planted in a 6-inch pot with all the fibrous roots carefully preserved, and keeping the crowns above the soil. Place them in a temperature of about 80 degrees, cover the crowns with loose moss and keep them constantly moist with tepid

Selected crowns for forcing ... Clumps of several crowns or buds best for planting outside3.50

COOPERIA	Each	Dos
DRUMMONDI. (Evening Star). Native of Texas.		Do

Pure white flowers, very the evening. Culture similar to Zephyranthes .. .35 3.50 PEDUNCULATA (Prairie Lily). Similar to Drummondi, but larger and blossoms for a longer period 5.00

CRINUM

Although Crinums are tropical plants, they do well in this climate when given some protection. Plant with about two-thirds of bulb projecting above ground level except campanulatum, which should be covered. In cold climates, must be taken inside in winter. May be planted in tubs or large pots.

rosette of dark green leaves. Clusters of fragrant white flowers white Howers

CAMPANULATUM. Vigorous plant with wavy-margined strap-shaped leaves. Spikes of lovely bell-shaped rose-red 1.25 C. E. HOUDYSHEL. Hybrid. The nearest to a flower. One bulb will often bloom four or five EMPRESS OF INDIA. Large plant, produces freely all summer umbels of drooping flowers, deep rose-color striped flesh pink

ERUBESCENS. Flowers reddish outside, white inside.

Native of Tropical America. Lovely plant for the 2.00 .50

conservatory or greenhouse FIMBRIATULUM, Pure whit IMBRIATULUM, Pure white with pink stripes through center of petals ______ 1.50

drooping habit. Very fragrant. Blooms several times 1.50 during a year

KIRKI. Large white flowers with a reddish-purple stripe down the center of each petal on the outside, which shows through and gives the flower a pink tinge on the inside. The very beautiful wavy-edged leaves form a perfect rosette. The entire plant has a very rich tropical appearance

KUNTHIANUM. Native of New Granada. Flowers dull white, tinged rose-red, produced abundantly MOOREI. From Africa. Does best in partial shade. The whole plant is of a very beautiful form, flowers clear pink

MRS. BOSANQUET. Hybrid. Large cup shaped blossoms of deep, glowing rose. One of the finest Crin-3.00

POWELLI. A very popular and beautiful hybrid with pink flowers resembling a lily; hardy POWELLI ALBUM. Same with white flowers

(Continued on next page)



Cooperia



Crinum Asiaticum

.50

.50



Crinum-C. E. Houdyshel



Cyrtanthus



Dierama



Eucharis Grandiflora

PEDUNCULATUM. White, tinged green. The bulb grows nearly on top of the ground on large rootstock	
SCABRUM. Leaves light green with wavy edges. Flow-	
ers white with rose keels	
pink	
Collection of 6 choice Crinums all different and la	heler

separately, our selection, \$2.50 (Priced .50 each.)
Special collection of 12 choice Crinums, all different and labeled separately, our selection, \$7.50. (Priced .50 to 1.50 each.)

CYCLAMEN

O I O III II II II I	
One of the most beautiful flowers that blossom at mas. Are noted for their bright colored flowers at egated foliage. Plant from March to Sept. Plant in a 5 or 6-inch pot so that one-third of the bulb	nd vari- one bulb is above
the soil. Our Cyclamen bulbs are of the very best	strain.
and have a wide variety of colors.	
PERLE OF ZEHLENDORF. Dark salmon3	5 3.50
ROSE OF ZEHLENDORF. Light salmon3	3.50
ROSE OF MARIENTHAL. Soft pink	0 4.00
BLOOD RED.	
BRIGHT RED.	3.50
WHITE WITH CARMINE EYE	
Mixed Varieties	2.50

CYPELLA

CYRTANTHUS TELL

Amaryllis-like bulbous plants from the Cape, with pendulous funnel-shaped flowers. Stock limited

	Each
APRICOT. Apricot pink	1.00
MACKENI. White	1.00
PARVIFLORUS. Scarlet	1.00
O'BRIENI. Clear red	1.00
All of these bloom better when established.	

DELPHINIUM Each Doz ENGLISH HYBRIDS. Selected strain of this English introduction. Spikes tall and large in diameter. Florets are large, the colors running in all shades of blue and lavender, some doubles ... 50 BELLADONNA. Light blue, large size; a great im-5.00 2.50 BELLAMOSUM. A dark blue hybrid of the above ... 25
SINENSE. Dwarf blue flowers ... 30
SINENSE ALBUM. Dwarf white flowers 30
SINENSE TOM THUMB. Miniature blue flowers ... 35 2.50 3.00 3.00 3.00

DICENTRA (Bleeding Heart)
CANADENSIS (Squirrel Corn). White, tipped rose. .25

2.50 2,50

7.00

Each Doz. 100

DIERAMA (Wedding Bells) Each Doz.

ULCHERRIMA. A lovely species of Sparaxis from the Cape of Good Hope. Height about 6 feet. Dainty bell-shaped, rose-colored flowers hang on slender stems, which arch gracefully50 5.00

DIOSCOREA (Cinnamon Vine)

climber with bright green glossy foliage and spikes of cinamon-courts. BATATAS. and spikes of cinamon-scented white flowers. This is the Yam of commerce15 8.00

ERYTHRINA (Coral Plant)

CRISTA-GALLI. Interesting flowering plant for
the garden, growing from 4 to 6 feet high
and producing long spikes of large crimson
pea-shaped flowers from late September until
frost. The roots may be stored in the cellar
the same as Dahlias, Strong roots,

.75

:: ::

EUCHARIS (Bethlehem Lily)

$-\mathbf{p}_{0}$
10.

EUCOMIS (Pineapple Lily)

P	PUNCTATA. Half-hardy Cape bulb producing
	rosettes of long leaves and a strong scape or
	stock, bearing a raceme of whitish flowers
	in the Summer, which are crowned with a
	crest of leafy bracts similar in shape to the
	topknot on a pineapple. It is from this leafy
	crown that the name is suggested. In warm
	climates let the bulbs remain where planted
	in the open. Treat as a houseplant in the
	East

00

GALTONIA (Cape Hyacinth)

CANDICANS. Native Cape bulb having large		
handsome white flowers. Stems 3 to 5 feet in		
height gracefully surmounted with from 20		
to 30 hell-shaped flowers	.25	2

.50

1.50

GLORIOSA (Glory Lily)

	`	v	v	/	
SUPERBA. A gorgeous Lil					
ing from 5 to 8 feet high,	with	orange	-scarlet		
flowers. Should be grown	in a	greenho	ouse or		
conservatory. Early Sprin	g or	Fall d	lelivery	1.00	10.00
ROTHSCHILDIANA. Similar	r to	the abo	ve, but		
with much larger flowers.	. Gor	geous r	ed and		
vellow turning all red wit	h age			2.00	20.0

GLOXINIA

One of our handsomest summer blooming tuberous-rooted plants. It makes a very fine pot plant, requiring about the same cultural directions as Begonia. One bulb to a 4-inch pot. The colors range through pink, scarlet, violet and white bordered. Each Doz. 4.00 CORONA. Indigo; magnificent

4.50 CYCLOPS. Brilliant carmine with broad white margin. Spotted throat 3.50 EMPEROR FREDERICK. Vivid scarlet with white 5.00 EMPEROR WILLIAM. Deep violet with white 4.50 MAUVE PRINCESS. White with mauve margin ...40 4.00 Mixed Varieties, large bulbs 3.00



Doz.

CHRYSOLEUCUM. Similar to Coronarium except flowers have a yellow blotch in center 5.00 flowers with a rich fragrance; fall blooming FLAVUM. A very attractive variety bearing large clusters of delicate, creamy yellow flow-5.00

7.5015.00

ers. Splendid for a contrast with the other



Eucomis Punctata



Galtonia Candicans



Gloriosa Rothschildiana

Gloxinia



Hemerocallis



Hippeastrum-Diener's Hybrids

HELICONIA

Each

BIHAI. Purplish stems, yellow flower spikes. tender. Resembles a banana plant.

HELLEBORUS (Christmas Rose)

HEMEROCALLIS (Day Lily)

Hemerocallis have long been favorites in our gardens and are always included in any list of the most popular hardy plants. All of the varieties of Hemerocallis are desirable and beautiful. The tall, graceful, grass-like foliage is very handsome and sets off the charming lily-like flowers very effectively. They look particularly well naturalized along streams or on moist banks, and will thrive most luxuriantly in shade. in shade.

Collection of six strong roots, each labeled, our selection.

HIPPEASTRUM

Under this heading properly belong a great majority of the plants commonly included under the name "Amaryllis," which has been used as a horticultural catch-all by most dealers, in the belief that lovers of plants might not recognize their favorites under their correct names. However, it is our belief that this practice has resulted in much confusion, and we have adopted the policy of offering all bulbs and plants listed in this catalog as nearly as possible under their correct botanical names, always giving references to the commonly used ones where it seems advisable. visable.

The only true Amaryllis, strictly so-called, is Amaryllis Belladonna, native to South Africa, which has quite different requirements form the Hippeastrums, being more hardy, and requiring a season of absolute rest before flowering. Most of the Hippeastrums are practically evergreen, and require to be kept in a condition of active growth all the year around. This necessitates artificial heat in winter; or year around. This necessitates artificial heat in winter; or at least protection from temperatures lower than 45 de-grees F., at which point growth will practically cease. In California and the extreme South, they may be grown in the open if given a southern exposure and perfect drain-age, but the leaves are very impatient of frost, and the plants receive a severe setback as soon as cold weather approaches. Under these conditions, growth will resume about April, at which time the flower buds appear. How-ever, this method is not recommended for any but frostless recions, not culture being more satisfactory, and producing

regions, pot culture being more satisfactory, and producing flowers over a greater period of time. Any good potting soil will serve very well, a suitable one being composed of loam lightened with leaf-mold and sand, when the soil is inclined to be heavy. 6- or 8-inch pots may be used, setting the bulbs on the surface, with only the root-callus at the base covered. When bulbs are received in an artificially ripened state, lacking roots or leaves, the pots may be set in a dark place for about a month to induce the formation of roots before top growth starts. If green plants are received, they should be potted with great care, to avoid injury to the fleshy roots. Under these conditions, they will form additional new root fibers and take when the soil is inclined to be heavy. 6- or 8-inch pots may titions, they will form additional new root fibers, and take hold immediately. Water should be sparingly given at all times, using just enough to keep the soil moist, but never soggy or sour. Heat is essential, as Hippeastrums are all natives of South and Central America, where tropical conditions prevail.

the name implies, these are the result of a long period of hybridization and selection, with a view to securing flowers of great size at frequent intervals. Flowers a foot across are not uncommon, and the color range runs from white, faintly marked red or pink, through many shades and combinations of pink, vermilion and orange.

Some will be fragrant. Flowers have fine lasting qualities, especially if anthers are removed as soon as they open. 5.00

JOHNSONI. An old-fashioned flower, known to our grand-fathers, and still one of the very best. Fine, large, deep, scarlet flowers, with a white stripe through the center of each perianth segment. Each, .50; Dozen, 5.00.

Following is a list of plants of the Amaryllis family that are frequently offered in catalogs under the name "Amaryllis": Childanthus fragrans, Crinums of various species, Lycoris squamigera (as Amaryllis Halli), Sprekelia formosissima, Sternbergia lutea, Vallota purpurea. We offer all of these under their correct names, either in the Spring or Fall catalogs.

HOSTA FUNKIA (Plantain Lily)

The Plantain Lilies are among the easiest plants to manage; their broad massive foliage makes them attractive subjects for the border even when not in flower. They succeed equally well in sun or shade. Each Doz.

COERULEA. Lovely blue flowers 1 1-4 to 3 ft. 3.50 3.50 margins deep green and creamy white center.

HYMENOCALLIS (Spider Lily)

One of the finest

Each Doz. GALVESTONENSIS. White flowers, bright green foliage, which dies down in the late fall. The bulbs should be dug in the fall and planted in 2.50

ISMENE GROUP (Peruvian Daffodil)

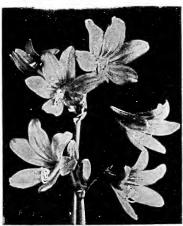
... .25 2.50

HYPOXIS (Star Lily)
HIRSUTA (Sometimes known as Erecta). A pretty little bulbous plant of the Amaryllis family, native to the Eastern and Central states. Grows 6 to 10 inches tall, with slender, grassy foliage covered with fine hairs. Flowers star-shaped, yellow, in umbels. Thrives in a moist, semishady location. Each, .15; Dozen, 1.50.

ISMENE (See Hymenocallis)



Hippeastrum Equestre Flore Pleno



Hippeastrum Advenum

4 00



Hymenocallis Calathina



Iris-Alcazar



Iris-Crimson King



Iris-Isolene

IRIS

Very few flower lovers realize the wonderful variety of forms and colors that may be found under this heading. The genus Iris contains several hundred species, found in all parts of the world, with the possible exception of South America and Australasia, where it is represented by Moraea, Libertia, and other Iris-like genera. A great many rare sorts are listed here, as well as the very best of the more familiar ones, such as the Pogoniris or Germanica group, which will be found first in the list hereunder.

POGONIRIS (Germanica) GROUP

Those who are familiar only with the old-fashioned "flags" sometimes called Bearded Iris or Iris Germanica, have a real treat in store for them in the newer hybrids and improved forms. Many of these are enormous, with flowers eight or ten inches across, rivaling the finest orchids in beauty of tints, which range through blue, purple, lavender, pink, maroon, yellow, buff, white, and every conceivable combination of these colors. Most of them are very fragrant, and all are fine as cut flowers. Do well in any soil, with full sun. Need no summer watering, preferring a season of drought between blooming periods. When blooming, and while leaf growth is in progress, water is needed.

Each
ALCAZAR. S. bluish violet; F. rich purple with bronze
veined throat
AFTERGLOW. Buff gray to rich yellow
ARCHEVEQUE. S. deep violet-purple; F. purple
BALBOA. Rich reddish lilac bicolor
BALBOA. Rich reddish lilac bicolor
purple. Orange beard. A fine late flower. 24 in 23
CATERINA. A tall, branched, light violet self. A fine
vigorous flower
CHELLES. S. yellow; F. striped bronze
CHERUBIN. S. pale mauve; F. pinkish lilac
purple red. Orange beard
CLUNY. S. pale lilac: F. slightly deeper. Tall and
Vig010us
COTTAGE MAID. S. silvery blue; F. white tipped violet .20
CRIMSON KING. Deep rosy crimson
CRUSADER. Clear blue violet
white. Very choice, 24 inches
DEJAZET. S. bronze rose; F. reddish violet
DR. BERNICE. S. coppery-bronze: F. velvety crimson
Beautiful large flowers
DON QUIXOTE. Lavender, overlaid yellow
DORA LANGDON. S. honey yellow; F. pale rose; early .3
EDITH COOK. S. yellow; F. striped bronze
ELDORADO. A very distinct and striking blend of bronze, heliotrope and violet purple. Low growing
and very floriferous
FAIRY. White, delicately shaded soft blue
FRO. S. mustard yellow; F. oxblood red
GYPSY QUEEN. S. old gold, shaded smoked pearl; F.
black maroon, veined light yellow. Late flowering 25
HER MAJESTY. S. lovely rose pink; F. bright crimson
tinted darker. A most beautiful variety
HIAWATHA. S. pale rosy lavender; F. purple
HONORABILIS. S. golden yellow; F. rich mahogany
brown
IDIC VINC C well-wit E connect added vellow 95
IRIS KING. S. coppery yellow; F. garnet, edged yellow .25
ISOLENE. S. silvery lilac flushed yellow; F. purplish old rose. Large striking flower of unusual coloring25
JACQUESIANA. S. bright coppery crimson; F. rich maroon, Very handsome
JEANNE d'ARC. A very dainty white long blooming
plicata with light lavender frilled edges. 30 in 20
JUNIATA. Clear blue
LENT A. WILLIAMSON. S. lavender violet; F. velvety
pansy violet, large flowers

E	ach
LORD GREY. S. cloudy rose fawn; F. red	.25
LORD GREY, S. cloudy rose fawn; F. red LORELEY, S. light yellow; F. ultramarine bordered with cream. One of the most popular types MADAME CHEREAU. White, edge of petals blue. Frilled MADAME CHOBAUT. Apricot yellow, veined brown MAUVINE. Pink mauve of uniform shade MIDWEST. Red purple, ruffled edge MITHRAS. S. yellow; F. violet carmine NAVAJO. S. honey yellow; F. deep maroon MONSIGNOR. S. violet; F. crimson purple MONTEZUMA. S. deep golden yellow, dotted brown F. yellow and white, dotted brown. Unique coloring. 18 inches	
with cream. One of the most popular types	.20
MADAME CHORAUT. Apricot vellow veined brown	35
MAUVINE. Pink mauve of uniform shade	.25
MIDWEST. Red purple, ruffled edge	.35
MITHRAS. S. yellow; F. violet carmine	.25
NAVAJO. S. honey yellow; F. deep maroon	.20
MONSIGNOR. S. violet; F. crimson purple	.25
F vellow and white dotted brown Unique coloring	,
18 inches MOTHER OF PEARL (Sturt.) A very popular iris which is well named. Miss Sturtevant not only knows how to breed fine irises but how to name them. 4 ft. MRS. ALAN GRAY. Mauve and violet MRS. NEUBRONNER. A small flower of deepest golden vellow. Orange heard	.25
MOTHER OF PEARL (Sturt.) A very popular iris	
which is well named. Miss Sturtevant not only knows	
how to breed fine irises but how to name them. 4 ft.	.35
MRS. NEURRONNER A small flower of deenest golden	.23
vellow. Orange beard	.20
yellow. Orange beard	
margm	.25
NUEE D'ORAGEE. S. dove color; F. bronze purple.	00
OPERA S connery brown shot with nurnle E wine red	.20
penciled with gold	.35
ORIFLAMME. S. dark lavender; F. violet. Large, well	
penciled with gold ORIFLAMME. S. dark lavender; F. violet. Large, well branched stalk.	.25
OSION. S. canary yellow; F. light claret-red. Very	
showy	.25
PAR DE NEUILLY. Deep violet blue, yellow beard, large flower, vigorous grower	~ -
flower, vigorous grower	.25
PARISIANA. S. netted and dotted lilac purple on cream	
white; F. cream white edged with lilac purple. Large	0.5
flower	
PERFECTION. S. light lavender violet; F. dark velvety violet and black. Orange beard	
PLUMERI. S. coppery rose; F. velvety claret	.25
PRINCESS BEATRICE. S. lavender; F. lavender flushed	
mauve	.35
PRINCESS VICTORIA LOUISE. S. pale yellow; F. rich	
violet edged cream	.25
PROSPER LAUGEIR. S. light bronze with pink flush;	
F. velvety crimson yellow center	.25
PROSPERO. Large violet bicolor	.25
QUAKER LADY. Smoky lavender yellow	
QUEEN ALEXANDRA. S. fawn shot with lilac; F. lilac	
QUEEN CATERINA. Pale violet	
QUEEN OF MAY. S. soft lilac-rose; F. purplish lilac	
RHEIN NIXE. S. white; F. deep violet-blue with white	0.
edge	.Zi
RICARDI FONCE. S. light violet; F. deeper	
RUBELLA. Lilac and purple	.20
SANTA BARBARA. Large bright blue self	.50
SAPPHO. Lilac blue	.20
SHASTA (Mohr-Mitchell 1927). Magnificent white	2.00
SHERWIN-WRIGHT, Small bright golden vellow of	
SHERWIN-WRIGHT. Small bright golden yellow of good form. Vigorous growth	.20
SINDJKHA. Deep lavender and buff	.3
SOLEDAD. S. pale yellow; F. amber yellow	.31
COLLY DE MME CAUDICHAU Disk man-1-	-00
SOUV DE MME. GAUDICHAU. Rich purple	.00
TAMERLANE. Pale violet and deep purple	.20
THUNDER CLOUD. Deep grayish lavender	.23
VICTORINE. S. white mottled dark blue; F. dark violet	
blue	.Z
VIRGINIA MOORE. A bright yellow sen of large size; falls slightly veined. Height 30 in.	_
falls slightly veined. Height 30 in	2
WYOMISSING. S. creamy white; F. deep rose at the base, shading to a flesh colored border	
base, shading to a flesh colored border	.35



Iris-Princess Beatrice



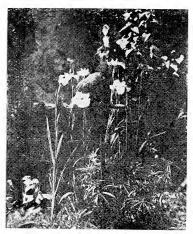
Iris Spuria Aurea



Iris-Alice Eastwood

Collection of one each of eight bearded Iris, our selection, all good varieties1.50

:: ::



Iris Kaempferi



Iris Chrysographes



Iris Fimbriata

WILD POGONIRIS TYPES

INTERMEDIATE HYBRIDS

These hybrids are a cross between the tall bearded Iris Germanica and the dwarf Iris pumila. As a result they are of medium height (12 to 24 inches) and flower after the early dwarfs and before the tall bearded, thus filling in the gap between these two types. They are free flowering, vigorous growers and very hardy.

vigorous growers and very maray.		
E	ach	Doz.
BLUE BOY. S. bright clear blue; F. dark blue	.30	3.00
DOROTHEA. S. pearl gray; F. light blue		3.50
FRITJOF. S. lavender; F. purple shaded lavender		3.00
GERDA. S. creamy yellow; F. deeper with golden	•••	0.00
veins. Very beautiful	35	3.50
HALFDAN. Lovely creamy white flower with	.00	0.00
golden veined throat and yellow beard. Fragrant	90	3.00
HELGE. Citron-yellow with pearl-colored center	.35	3.50
INGEBORG. Large pure white with golden veined		
_throat	.30	3.00
WALHALLA. Fine large flower with light blue		
standards and rich violet-purple falls	.30	3.00
QUEEN FLAVIA. Primrose yellow	.25	2.50
ZUA. Unique flower of uniform soft gray:		
curiously crinkled petals. Fragrant	.50	5.00
ZWANENBURG. A Pogonocyclus hybrid, but in-	•••	0.00
cluded in this section on account of the similar-		
ity to the other "intermediates." S. cream col-		
ored blotched pale violet; F. light yellow,		- 00
splashed olive-brown	.50	5.00

Collection of one each of the ten fine hybrid Iris listed above, all separately labeled, \$3.00. Collection of any five, our choice, \$1.75.

Collection of one each of 6 varieties, our choice, for \$1.25

IRIS PUMILA (DWARF BEARDED IRIS)

A miniature race of Iris similar in form to the tall bearded type. These lovely little gems are early bloomers, appearing soon after the Unguicularis or winter-blooming iris have gone. Especially good for the rockery. Every iris lover should have a few at least.

Each	DUZ.
ATROVIOLACEA. Rich velvety red purple	2.50
BRIDE. Early white, fragrant	2.50
BRIDESMAID. Creamy white with bronze mark-	
ings	3.50
CANARY BIRD. Straw yellow, orange beard35	3.50
CYANEA. rich deep blue	2.50
DITTON-PURPLE. Clear violet-purple	3.00
EXCELSA. Lemon yellow with orange beard50	5.00
FORMOSA. Dark blue	3.50
LA FIANCEE. White	3.00
PRAIRIE GEM. Yellow	3.50
ROYAL PURPLE. Rich purple	3.50

CRESTED DWARF IRIS

CRISTATA. Tiny wild species from North Caro- lina. Clear lavender with gold tinge. Will grow in any location, but prefers some shade and a	Doz
good covering of leaf mold	3.50
CRISTATA ALBA. A lovely white form of the	

above. Very scarce2.50

GRACILIPES. Dainty little Japanese crested iris. Pale lavender flowers, touched with orange. Likes part shade with a well drained soil mixed with leaf mold and plenty of moisture2.00

WATTI. Very rare and unique Iris from the Himalayas, Similar in growth to a dwarf bam-boo, Flowers white or lightly tinged. Hardy in Southern California but should be protected well in cold frames during winter in other

IRIS SPURIA

This group contains a greater variety of shades than found in most other species of beardless iris, ranging from almost white, and cream to deep rich yellow and from pale lavender to blue-purple. They grow from 2 to 5 feet tall and are desirable to plant along streams or around pools or ponds. They are exquisite cut flowers and when cut keep well.

A. J. BALFOUR. Fine, tall blue hybrid of Monspur. Very scarce. 1.50 DOROTHY FOSTER. Beautiful violet standards with fall striped lighter. Medium height 2.50 JUNO. Lovely blue-purple flower of the Monspur type. Quite hardy 1.00 LORD WOLSELEY. Large, handsome flower similar MRS. A. W. TAIT. Handsome, soft porcelain blue25 OCHRAUREA. Elegant flower, in two shades of yellow. A cross between "Ochroleuca" and "Aurea" OCHROLEUCA. Flowers white and gold. Very tall25 OCHROLEUCA SULPHUREA. Yellower than above75

Collection of ten of these stately Iris, full range of colors including deep cream, white and yellow, golden yellow, pale lavender to blue-purple. All different and labeled separately. Our selection, \$4.50. Five, all different, our selection, \$1.50

BRANIN HYBRIDS

I am pleased to be able to offer for the first time the following collection of Spuria Hybrids originated by Mrs. Jemima Branin, one of our most ardent Iris lovers. Branin has been working for a number of years with these beautiful "Butterfly Iris," until she has now produced quite a number of new varieties, with larger flowers and loveliest shades yet introduced.

ALICE EASTWOOD. Magnificent ochroleuca hybrid. Beautiful shade of rich yellow10.00 GOLDEN GATE. Tall bold flower of golden yellow12.50 MARY NULTY. Lovely pure white flower, very tall12.50 NELLIE STUART. Beautiful tall flower. Fine shade of blue12.50



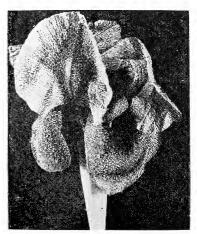
Iris Foetidissima



Iris Unguicularis



Iris Fulva



Iris Susiana



Iris Susiana-In Field



Iris Hoogiana

IRIS KAEMPFERI (Japanese Iris) (Synonym: Iris laevigata)

(Synonym: Iris laevigata)

As these magnificent Iris become better known they gain in popularity and a field of them in bloom or a few specimens artistically arranged in the water garden is truly a lovely sight. These Iris are the last to bloom. Coming into flower the first part of June and continuing for two to three weeks, they fill in a period when flowers of this attractive type are particularly welcome. They have proved hardy in a number of states, but should be covered will with straw in the Northern and Eastern states to prevent danger from freezing and thawing.

Recent Introductions

recent introductions	
Each	Doz.
TARTAR PRINCE. Rosy-crimson, white veins, blue halo	6.00
CHUTSAI. Hortense violet, veined white, inner petals phlox purple	
petals phlox purple	6.00
ISPAHAN. Phlox purple veined white	7.00
KHA KHAN. White suffused blue, purple stigmas .55	5.50
MONGOL KHAN. Deep rosy-red, extra large	7.50
REPSIME. Blue veined white	6.50
SADARABAD. White overcast with pale phlox pink	
pink	7.50
TEMPLE FLOWER. Ivory white, heavily blended with soft bluish-violet. Veined white	- 00
with soft bluish-violet. Veined white	7.00
Q: 1 1 TT 1 1	
Standard Varieties	
APOLLO. Single. Pure white, pink center	3.00
AZURE. Double. Immense flower, exquisitely	
wavy. Mauve-blue with darker halo around the	
yellow blotch at base of petals	3.50
BLUE JAY. Double. Sky blue, distinct white lines	
on each petal	4.00
CATHERINE PARRY. Double. Blue, overlaid rosy-	0.50
red; high tufts in center, almost triple	3.50
CLARICE CHILDS. Single. Petunia-violet; con-	
spicuous yellow center surrounded with blue	= 00
cast. Large	5.00
DURKIS CHILDS. Double. Pearl-white, deeply	
veined rosy plum. Center petals deep plum	F 00
edged white	5.00
ELEANOR PARKY. Double. Claret-red, flamed	4 00
white and blue. Compact, medium sized flower .40	4.00
edged white	4.00
COLD BOUND A fine double pure white careers	4.00
GOLD BOUND. A fine double, pure white; creamy glow at the gold-banded center	3.50
CRANITE Single Purple spotted and flaked	3.00
GRANITE. Single. Purple, spotted and flaked white. Lilac center	3.00
INDO Single Broad wayy netals of great size:	0.00
color dark rich blue slightly veined Yellow	
color dark rich blue, slightly veined. Yellow blotch is unusually bright	3.50
LA FAVORITE, Large, fine: white freely veined	0.00
LA FAVORITE. Large, fine; white freely veined blue, and a rich purple center40	4.00
MARS. Single. Reddish purple, striped and	
MARS. Single. Reddish purple, striped and blotched white	3.00
MT. HOOD. Double. Light blue, shaded darker.	
Pright orongo contor 25	3.50
PYRAMID. Double. Violet-purple veined white in center of each petal	
center of each petal	3.50
RED RIDING HOOD. Single. Amaranth veined	
and suffused white	3.00
RUSE ANNA. Double, Ivory white, heavy ruby-	
red veins, conspicuous yellow blotch, stigmas dark plum	4 0 0
dark plum40	4.00
SHADOW. Single. Self color, reddish purple. Very	0.50
large and fine blossoms	3.50
dish pink and white of averaginals fine from 75	7.50
T C WARE Double Poddish wieldt fl	1.50
large size beautifully usined white conten	
dish pink and white; of exceedingly fine form .75 T. S. WARE. Double. Reddish violet flowers of large size, beautifully veined white, center white with lemon-yellow marking	3.50
Mixed colors, both single and double varieties. Splen	3.00
did assortment	2 50
www.wood.callelle	

Collection of ten of these beautiful Japanese Iris, each labeled, our selection from the above list, for \$3.00. Five, all different, our selection, for \$1.75.

MISCELLANEOUS ASIAN SPECIES

CHRYSOGRAPHES. Chinese species introduced by E. H. Wilson. The color is rich purple with gold lines on petais and gold dots in throat. Very rare DELAVAYI. Interesting tall blue species from Western Scarce EPAULETTE. A hybrid of two distinct Chinese species, Bulleyana and Chrysographes. Supply limited ______2.50 FIMBRIATA (Japonica). Native to Central C.;ina, The FIMBRIATA (Japonica). Native to Central C.;ina. The flower stems, which usually appear in February, are much branched and the individual flowers are so numerous that the display continues for some weeks .50 FORRESTI. Clear yellow flowers about 15 inches tall. Discovered by George Forrest in N. W. Yunnan1,00 FOETIDISSIMA, or GLADWYN, has fine evergreen foliage. The flowers are not pretty but in the late fall the seedpods open out to show rows of scarlet seeds of much beauty. They are much prized as winter decorations MILESI. Flowers reddish purple with darker mottlings.

The branching stems grow from 2 to 3 feet in TECTORUM ALBA. The exquisite white form of the

IRIS UNGUICULARIS

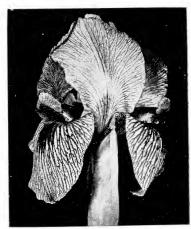
(IRIS STYLOSA) WINTER BLOOMING

The plants start blooming in the fall and bloom throughout the winter. They grow wild in Algeria, Greece, and Asia Minor. The foliage is grass-like and the flowers are borne on stem-like parts, really elongated perianth tubes, 8 to 16 inches long. The flower is one of great refinement and is delightful in the house. Plant preferably from June to STYLOSA. Lilac blue with grassy evergreen foliage25 STYLOSA MARGINATA. A form of bluer hue and somewhat broader foliage than above. Makes a very rank growth
rank growth
STYLOSA ALBA. A white form. Dozen \$2.50
STYLOSA SPECIOSA. A violet form, narrower foliage
and somewhat smaller flower and shorter perianth QUEEN ELIZABETH. A dwarf form, violet and white.

PACIFIC COAST SPECIES

E	ach	Doz.
BRACTEATA. Dwarf, golden yellow	.25	2.50
CHRYSOPHYLLA. Slender, light yellow flowers	.30	3.00
DOUGLASIANA. Flowers blue and cream. Mixed		
only	.25	2.50
GORMANI. Dwarf, narrow leaves and lovely soft		
yellow flowers	.75	7.50
HARTWEGI. Yellow, very dwarf	.25	2.50
HARTWEGI, Blue shades	.25	2.50
HARTWEGI. Blue shadesLONGIPETALA. Light blue, similar in growth to		
Japanese Iris. Makes a dense group with erect		
foliage and tall, stiff stems. Prefers moist situa-		
tion	.35	3.50
MACROSIPHON. Blue-purple flowers with white		
stripe. Fragrant	.50	5.00
PURDYI. Low growing with beautiful cream col-		
ored flowers, lined purple. Lovely in groups	.40	4.00
TENAX. Tiny, reddish purple flowers. Likes moist		
soil	.25	2.50
TENUIS. Wide leaved woodland iris. White		
flowers, with purple and gold markings. Give		
light soil mixed with leaf mold	.50	5.00

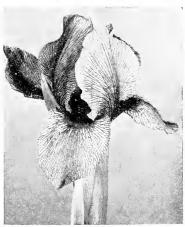
Collection of ten of these lovely woodland Iris, all different and labeled separately, but our selection, \$2.00. Five, all different, our selection, \$1.00.



Iris Stolonifera



Iris-Aspasia



Iris-Charon

Each



Iris-Turkoman



Theresa Schwartz



Iris-English

AMERICAN	SPECIES	AND
VAR	IETIES	

CACIQUE (Berry). Beautiful fulva hybrid, prune-purple	
shade2	.00
DOROTHY K. WILLIAMSON. Hybrid of fulva and foli-	
osa. Velvety purple	.50
FOLIOSA. Lovely species from the South, but hardy in	
most states. Bright blue flowers among heavy foliage.	
Fine for rock garden	.50

HEXAGONA. A fine species, bearing bright lilac flowers Native to the Rocky Mountain region. Requires mois-

growing season PRISMATICA. (Cubeseed Iris) Flowers about 18 in. tall,

yellow flowers on long stem. Fine for water gardens. but larger .

on account of its odor, which resembles that of Elder (Sambucus) (Sambucus)
SAVANNARUM. Tall blue native from the Florida
swamps. Hardy in Southern California and other mild

1.00 VERSICOLOR. Violet blue Iris found along watersides in some of the Southern states. Will grow in any good garden soil, but especially fine for water garden. Per

The following list of Iris are Spring bloomers, and are delivered in the Summer and Fall. They are included here to make the Iris series complete in one book, as there are many tie-ins between the various hybrids.

PALESTINE HYBRID IRIS

(ONCOCYCLUS AND REGELIA GROUP) FOR SUMMER AND EARLY FALL DELIVERY

This group contains the most curious, yet beautiful of all Iris. Their flowers are strikingly veined on white, soft violet-purple or brown ground. To grow this type of Iris successfully where winters are severe or summers subjected successfully where where are severe or summers subjected to occasional rains, it is necessary to dig the roots each season after the leaves have died down (about the end of June) wash, and dry off for a day or two and then store in a box of very dry sand until time to replant. Tobacco dust added to the sand is used as a protection against aphis.

The planting should be done a few weeks before the ground freezes, three or four inches deep and then covered with a mulch of straw or dried leaves, to prevent heaving. A light frost will not injure the roots, but will kill the new growth. Therefore, the roots should be kept bone dry after planting, inasmuch as growth starts very readily upon the addition of moisture, if the temperature is mild.

Oncocyclus Type E SUSIANA (Mourning Iris). Enormous flowers of grayish white veined black-maroon ______2.00

Regelia Types

HOOGIANA. Soft uniform blue _______1.00

KOROLKOWI. Native of Turkestan. Silver-gray, veined blackish purple. Very odd _______2.00

Ea	ıch
STOLONIFERA. Beautiful bronze and steel blue	.50
FLECTA. Pale lavender standards with light purple	
falls1.	.50
FRIGA. A wonder ul, large hybrid. Standards violet,	
lined purple; falls rich purple lined white2.	
HEBE. Violet-blue veined on pale ground, falls pearly-	
gray violet veined1.	
VAGA. Purple, blue and bronze2.	.00
Regelio-Cyclus Hybrids	
negeno-civens rivorus	

:: ::

regeno Cyclus Hybrids
ASPASIA. Reddish lavender, veined darker1.50 BEATRIX. Pale violet, dark veined, falls soft pearly-
gray with dark violet veins2.00
CHARON. Bronze, veined gold and brown
HECATE. Lilac-rose, falls on creamy ground brown
feathered1.50
HERA. Beautiful flower shot with ruby, bronze and
blue1.50
IRENE. Flushed with pale lavender and veined with
lavender-purple. Falls, silvery gray, prominently vein-
ed with dark lavender-purple1.50
ORESTES. Self-colored dark bronze with purple hue2.50
OSIRIS. S. cream heavily flushed lilac purple; F.
veined rich purple over white grown1.50
PSYCHE. White veined violet. Brown blotch in throat2.00
SATURNUS. Pale lilac-violet, falls gray, violet veined1,50
TURKOMAN. S. Warm reddish-brown shot with violet;
F. Ruby-purple with vivid royal blue beard. A very
desirable variety

Pogono-Cyclus Hybrids

The following group of Iris are the result of crosses between various Oncocyclus and Regelia types with the tall Iris Germanica. They are quite interesting and with care are not difficult to grow. A sunny situation is necessary.

Bacil
CARMELO (Mohr). A Korolkowi x Germanica seedling
of medium size and blue-violet shade
CONGRES Deep reddish bicolor 10.00
CONGRES. Deep reddish bicolor
DOKAK (Foster). Gigantic nower with light violet
standards and falls darker violet, beautifully veined1.50
GIRAN (Foster). Beautiful wine colored flower with
handsome veining2.50
HAMADAN (Foster). A uniform shade of rich violet.
with white throat overlaid with purple veins and with
a black beard
red-violet, veined purple
NAZARINE (Foster). A seedling of Pallida x Iberica.
A beautiful purplish-violet hybrid
NEFERT. Soft blue without markings
PARVAR. Dark variety with black violet standards and
falls, with a velvety sheen2.50
SHIRAZ. Standards are soft uniform bright violet shade. Falls are a deeper shade2.50
Falls are a deeper shade2.50
WILLIAM MOHR. Soft velvet, beautifully veined bright manganese violet2.50
manganese violet2.50
ZWANENBURG. S. Cream colored, blotched pale violet.
Falls, light yellow, splashed olive-brown

BULBOUS IRIS--HOLLAND TYPE

One of the most satisfactory groups to grow, being particularly hardy in most states, but should be well covered during the winter, with straw or leaves, in the East.

during the winter, with straw or leaves, in the East. The orchid-like flowers are of great beauty, having many different shades and blendings of color, and if cut in the bud will keep for a long time in water. For best effect they should be planted in clumps of 25 or more bulbs or are very satisfactory placed in a long row in the hardy border. Plant in September, six inches apart and two to three inches deep. They bloom soon after the daffodil season.

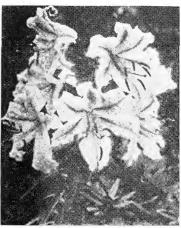
			Doz.	100
ADRIAN DACKER. Ea	arly rosy la	avender, ext		
large				2.00
ALBERT CUYP. White	. pale lemor	n falls	1.50	7.50
ANTON MAUVE. Love	ly uniform	shade of so	oft	
blue				7.50



Iris Bucharica



Iris Reticulata



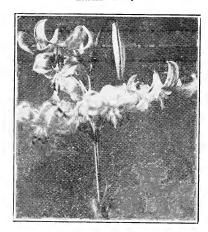
Lilium Auratum



Lilium Batemanniae



Lilium Henryi



Lilium Martagon

\mathbf{Doz}	. 100
DAVID BLESS. Early, light blue; very large2.00	12.00
DAVID HARING. Tall, large white, golden	
center. Fine flower2.00	12.00
FRANS HALS. Creamy white and pearl blue1.00	6.00
HART NIBBRIG. Clear, deep blue1.25	6.75
and finest yellow variety3.00	20.00
HOBBEMA. Pale blue, yellow falls1.50	7.50
THERESA SCHWARTZ. Light lilac and creamy	
white. Beautiful2.00	12.00
WHITE EXCELSIOR. Large pure white with	
yellow blotch2.00	12.00
YELLOW QUEEN (New). Magnificent pure yel-	
low. Tall, strong grower. The best of the very	
few yellow Iris yet introduced of the Holland	

Collection of 100 bulbs in five named varieties, in shades of light and dark blue, blue and yellow, white and yellow, white and pure yellow. 100 large bulbs for \$10.00. Fifty large bulbs for \$5.50.

2.50 15.00

ENGLISH TYPE Doz. FRANS HALS. Porcelain blue on white 1.75 GRAND LILAS. White and lavender ... 1.50 JOHN DUCKER. White flushed rosy purple ... 2.00 MONT BLANC. Pure white ... 1.75 PRINCE OF WALES. Rich deep blue ... 2.00 PRINCESS DAGMAR. Creamy-white, reddish mauve spots

BULBOUS IRIS—RARE SPECIES

BUCHARICA. Native of Bokhara, height 1 1-2 to 2 feet. Soft yellow flowers with deeper yellow on the lip of the falls. The foliage is unique, resembling a miniature corn stalk, with flowers at the top and at the axil of each leaf. Requires some protection. Each1.00 HISTRIO (Reticulata Type). Similar to above. Name means "actor" in Latin. Each1.00 JUNCEA. Native of North Africa. Fragrant yellow flowers similar to the Holland and English in form.

PAVONIA. (Peacock Iris). SEE MORAEA.

PERSICA. A dwarf species of the Juno type from Asia Minor; the color is white, tinged sea-green; purple blotch on falls. Requires protected location with heavy mulch or to be grown in pots indoors. Each1.25



IRISES, by F. F. Rockwell. A handy guide which will bring you success with irises and show new uses and effects possible in your garden. Describes the dwarf, early, German, Japanese, Siberian, water, crested, Spanish, English, Dutch and other types; tells the best soil; what fertilizers to use; how to plant; and what care is necessary. Tells how to propagate stock for your own use. 54 illustrations, 80 pages. \$1.00.

Sent FREE as a premium with an order for \$10.00 worth of bulbs from this catalog at single or dozen rates, if asked for at the same time.

LILIUM (Lily)

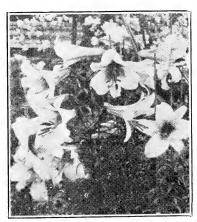
Lilies are without doubt among the most beautiful of the summer flowers. They would be cultivated more generally but for the notion they are hard to grow. Some of the rarer species are, it is true; but unless one goes in for Lilies to the extent of making a hobby of them, these can all be left to the collector and there will be quite enough species remaining to keep the garden well supplied with beautiful blooms without special care.

Each Doz. Each Doz.50 5.00 AMABILE. Grenadine red; spotted blackAURATUM (Gold-Banded Japan Lily). Undoubtedly one of the finest. Its large graceful fragrant flowers are a delicate ivory-white color, thickly studded with chocolate-crimson spots and striped through the center a golden yellow; 3 to 5 feet. .25 2.50 the stem is stouter and attains a greater height; the leaves are much broader; enormous flowers, 3.50 Larger size ______BATEMANNIAE. Strong stems with 5 to 10 flowers of a reddish orange color. July-August. 3 to 5.00 with purplish maroon1.00 10.00 CERNUUM. A deep lilac-pink, spotted wine color. COLCHICUM (Szovitzianum). A beautiful lemonyellow Lily, produced in pyramidal clusters.

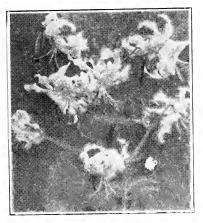
June, 4 to 5 feet 1.25 12.50
CONCOLOR. Red Star Lily. Erect flower, deep scarlet. Dwarf. Suitable for rock-gardens. June, CROCEUM. Orange Lily. Bright orange, erect HANSONI. Most desirable; not particular in its cultural requirements and extremely handsome in flower; does well in light loam. 4 to 5 feet. Blossoms 2 inches across, bright orange, spotted with brown, wavy texture. Admirable for pot HENRYI. A Himalayan Lily that has become very popular. It has the same form and appearance as the speciosum varieties, but the flowers are a bright orange-yellow. Easily grown and 4.00 .40 permanent. 7.50 KRAMERI. Unique for its color and grows from 2 to 4 feet high. The funnel-shaped, finely formed 5.00 LEICHTLINI. An uncommon kind from Japan.
Pale yellow, purple spots. Very graceful. August .50 5.00 MARTAGON DALMATICUM (Turk's Cap Lily).
A handsome Lily, bearing clusters of purple, wax-like flowers. Thrives best in partial shade. PHILIPPINENSE. White with reddish brown exterior.1.25 12.00 POMPONICUM. A brilliant red Turk's Cap Lily, like Chalcedonicum, but with flowers more loosely arranged. June. 3 to 4 feet1.50 15.00 PYRENAICUM (Yellow Turk's Cap Lily). Easy REGALE. Absolutely hardy, and excellent for forcing. It has been predicted that this will become the Easter Lily of the future, and being so hardy, may be grown outdoors. White, suffused with pink, with canary-yellow center. Delightful perfume, like Jasmine, and lacking the heavy, 3.00



Lilium Philippinense



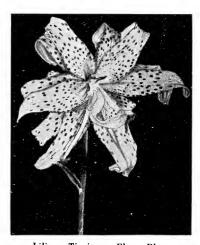
Lilium Regale



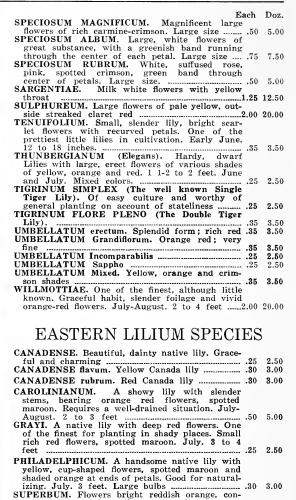
Lilium Speciosum Album



Lilium Speciosum Magnificum



Lilium Tigrinum Flore Pleno





ONE OF THE BEST BOOKS ON LILY CULTURE

spicuously spotted; easily grown and permanent.

GARDEN CINDERELLAS (Lilies), by Helen M. Fox. Expert information on growing lilies by a gardener whose knowledge is proven by her own success. Tells the name of every lily in cultivation, its native home, season of blooming, propagation methods, and every other detail needed for success. Beautifully illustrated in color and half-tone. 51 illustrations, 269 pages. \$5.00

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GORDON AINSLEY :: :: CAMPBELL, CALIFORNIA



Lilium speciosum rubrum

.50

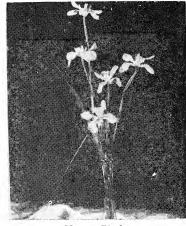
.75



Mertensia Virginica



Montbretia Hybrid



Moraea Bicolor

LIRIOPE

GRAM	INI	OLIA.	Low-gr	owing	lilies	wit	h tui	its o	f dark
		iage. In							
		ers are							
last	$_{ m for}$	several	weeks	. Will	grow	in	sun	\mathbf{or}	shade,
mois	et or	drv.	Each.						

MARICA

6	RACILIS					
	Iris famil					
	green fol					
	stalks are	like the	leaves,	and the	flowers	are pro-
	duced from	m the ed	ges, near	r the tir	os. Flow	ers white,
	blue and	brownish	within.	Each.		

MARANTA

A								Canna-	
								bedding	
	or pot	cultur	e in (cold reg	ions. 3	feet.	Each.		.75

MERTENSIA

VIRGINICA	(Virginia	Bells).	Porcelain-blu	e, turning
pink with	age. Grows	1 to 2 fe	et high. Has	panicle of
flowers in	short, pend	lent clust	ers. Fine to	naturalize
with yello	w daffodils.	Each3	5. Doz	

MILLA (Mexican Star Flower)

BIFLORA.	Umbels	of w	axy wh	ite, int	ensely	fragrant	
star-shape	ed flower	s, two	inches	across.	Very	desirable.	
Each, .50	. Doz					5	.00

MONTBRETIA (Tritonia)

Montbretias are of easy culture, preferring a light loamy soil well enriched with leaf mold but no manure or chemical fertilizer should touch the roots. Resembles miniature Watsonias in appearance.

Standard Varieties Each	Doz.
CALIFORNIA. Deep golden yellow, rounded petals,	
a very free bloomer10	1.00
FIRE KING. Large glowing scarlet-red, extra	
fine	.75
RAYON D'OR. Rich golden flowers, large spikes	
loaded with golden yellow blossoms	.75
TALISMAN. Beautiful dark scarlet	1.00
WESTWICK. Orange red with yellow eye, fine	
large petaled flower10	1.00
Ciant Hybrid Monthrotica	

Giant Hybrid Montbretias

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Each	Doz.
GOLDFINCH. The branching heads of flowers are	
of good size, bright yellow with small maroon	
blotches at center, outer petals heavily shaded	
brilliant cherry-scarlet, very decorative	3.00
HIS MAJESTY. Scarlet shading to gold. One of	
the finest Montbretias in existence	3.50
JAMES COEY. Flowers very large and open, of	
perfect form with smooth broad petals, rich	
deep vermilion-scarlet with golden-orange lustre,	
center yellow with crimson blotches, very hand-	
some, height, 3 1-2 feet. Award of Merit, Haar-	
lem and R. H. S	2.00
LEMON QUEEN. Creamy yellow, pale center, deep	2.00
orange buds. Very decorative	2.00
MADIODIE I flying arong vellow	2.00
MARJORIE. Large open flowers. orange-yellow,	
with crimson center, a beautiful flower, perfectly	2.00
flat when fully open, height, 3 feet	2.00
POCAHONTAS. Rich coppery scarlet, with golden	
lustre. Center orange with small blood-crimson	
blotches; flowers large and handsome, height,	
3 feet	3.00
QUEEN ALEXANDRA. A choice variety with	
erect habit of growth, chrome-yellow with car-	
mine blotch at base of petals, late flowering.	
height, four feet. Award of Merit, R. H. S. and	
Haarlem 1926	2.00
UNA. Rich apricot with carmine blotch; good sub-	
stance and size	2.00

$egin{array}{c} egin{array}{c} \egin{array}{c} \egin{array}{c} \egin{array}{c} \egin{array}{c} \egin{array}{c} \egin{array}$	Doz.
BICOLOR. Yellow flower with a purple blotch. Resembles Japanese Iris	
GLAUCOPIS (Peacock Iris). A little gem. White flowers, with rich blue eye-spot on three of the petals	3,50
IRIDIOIDES JOHNSONI. Charming plants native to the Cape of Good Hope, are allied to the Iris and require the same treatment. The flowers resemble the Iris somewhat but the standards are absent. In color they are white, shading to a light golden yellow in the center and with oc-	
casional touches of purple	
ers like Johnsoni	5.00

NEMASTYLIS

NERINE

Cape bulbs of the Amaryllis family. Very closely related to Amaryllis belladonna, but of more dwarf habit. Culture is exactly the same, forming leaves in the winter, resting dry in summer and blooming in the fall, before leaves start.

OPHIOPOGON

JABURAN. This plant resembles the Liriopes in leaf and habit of growth, but it is a more robust plant with white flowers. Excellent for shady locations and growing in pots or boxes35 3.50

OXALIS

Most of these Oxalis flower from October until Christmas, and later. Easily grown, requiring only a good, somewhat peaty soil, with considerable light, for their successful growth. Pretty evergreen plants adapted for border, window boxes or hanging baskets.

	Doz.	100
DEPPEI. Pure white	50	3.50
LASIANDRA. Rosy-pink, cut foliage	50	3.50
SHAMROCK. Clover-like foliage	50	3.50

PANCRATIUM

PARADISEA (St. Bruno's Lily)



Moraea Glaucopis



Nerine Sarniensis



Nerine Hybrid

Page Forty-three



Double Tuberose



Schizostylis Mrs. Hegarty



Sternbergia Lutea

POLIANTHES TUBEROSA

These are highly prized on account of their intensely fragrant, waxy white flowers, whose odor is much like that of orange blossoms. A few flower spikes in a vase will fill a room with their delicious perfume in a short time. Their ornamental value is considerable, as the flowers are of good substance and lasting qualities, and about 1 1-2 inches across, forming a pleasing element in any mixed floral arrangement. The name "tuberose" was not applied from any fancied resemblance to the rose, but on account of the tuberous rootstock. Do well in a warm, sunny situation out of doors, but should be lifted and stored in winter, as they are tender. Natives of Mexico.

williel, ac	they are tender. Ivatives of Mexico	Each	Doz.
SINGLE.		10	1.00
DOUBLE		15	1.50

RICHARDIA

(See Zantedeschia)

SAUROMATUM

Each Doz.

SCHIZOSTYLIS (Kaffir Lily)

SPIRAEA (Astilbe)

SPREKELIA

Each Doz.

STERNBERGIA

Each Doz.

STRELITZIA

REGINAE (Bird of Paradise Flower). Beautiful flowers, which resemble birds about to take flight; gayly colored in deep blue and orange. A lovely subject for the conservatory or patio. The foliage is banana-like. Very rare. Small plants. Each \$2.50



Tigridia Pavonia Hybrids



Tigridia Pavonia Canariensis



Tigridia Hybrids



Vallota Purpurea

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Each Doz.

5.00

DIVARICATA. A magnificent native ornamental	
bog plant which may be grown in the North as	
easily as a Canna. The enormous leaves with	
red midribs, resemble a Banana and are 2 to 4	
feet tall. The purplish flowers are borne on cen-	
tral stems 6 to 10 feet tall. An excellent plant	
for the Couth	-

TIGRIDIA

Sometimes called Mexican Shell Flower; one of the most showy of summer flowering bulbous plants; blooms from midsummer until frost, grows about 2 feet high and produces large, wide-open triangular blossoms often four to six inches across. The colors and markings are very brilliant combinations of yellow, scarlet and pink. Clumps of them, planted in the border, are most gorgeous. The culture is the same as for gladiolus.

Each Doz.

ture is the same as for gladiolus.	Each	Doz.
PAVONIA CANARIENSIS. Light yellow with scalet spots.		3.00
PAVONIA ROSEA. Rose with white spots	40	4.00
PAVONIA SPECIOSA. Scarlet red with yellor spots		
Mixed Hybrids. First size		

TRITOMA (Torch Lily) (KNIPĤOFIA)

Showy decorative plants, bearing flower spikes from golden yellow to orange scarlet. An excellent plant for the perennial border.

Each Doz. PFITZERI. Beautiful flame red; 3 to 4 feet high.

A profitte bloomer	0.00
RUFA. Orange yellow; tall slender flowers and foliage	2.50
Owarf Hybrids, 12 to 18 inches high. Golden yellow to deep orange. Very desirable for low positions	

TRITONIA

ROSEA. A very lovely species, bearing in summer dainty spikes of pretty rose colored star-shaped flowers. A charming little plant, distinct and very free flowering; it is well worth growing for table decorations, being very light in its habit .25 2.50

VALLOTA (Scarborough Lily)

PURPUREA. A native of South Africa and one of the most attractive of the Amaryllis family.

VELTHEIMIA

VIRIDIFOLIA. Cape bulb. Many long glossy green leaves, wavy on the edge. From the center of these

WACHENDORFFIA Each Doz.

THYRSIFLORA. A streamside evergreen plant of the Lily family. (Was formerly included in the suppressed family Hacmodoraceae, or "blood-root" family, as evidenced by its scarlet roots.) Flowers yellow and russet, Star-shaped, on tall stems. Foliage Tigridia-like, in dense clumps. Thrives in any moist situation.1.00 10,00

XANTHOSOMA

Sub-tropical aroids of great beauty. They are hardy in the lower south, and make attractive plants for summer bodding in the northern states. Decorative for their foliage only. Require a rich soil.

BATAVIENSE. Dark green leaves, with veins and SAGITTIFOLIUM. - Large leaves of pale green.

ZANTEDESCHIA (Calla Lily)

The so called RICHARDIA or Calla Lilies strictly speaking are all "Zantedeschia" after Francisco Zantedeschi, an Italian botanist. The only true "Calla" being C. Palustris, a native species of some of the eastern states.

These desirable plants are of easy culture, which can be used with good effect for outdoor planting, in mild climates,

or are suitable for potted plants.

AETHIOPICA (The Lily of the Nile). The large	
white Calla. Tall	2.50
ALBO-MACULATA. Ivory-white, leaves arrow-	
shaped, spotted white	3.00
ELLIOTTIANA. Yellow Calla. Finest, rich golden	
yellow flowers, medium height, large bulbs35	3.50
Medium size bulbs	2.50
REHMANNI. Pink Calla. Low growing. Leaves	
elliptical or oval, differing from the usual	
form. Flowers rose-pink	10.00

ZEPHYRANTHES

Lovely dwarf bulbous flowers, members of the Amaryllis family. Many of the species are native to the southern states and Mexico, where the long dry periods followed by heavy rains have given these bulbs a very unusual and happy gift of blooming when they have had a good watering

after a rest of a few weeks.

A great deal of interest in Zephyranthes has been noticed this past season. They are most satisfactory and respond quickly and gracefully to the little care they require.

Each	h Doz.	100
AJAX. Beautiful golden-yellow flower of the		
Crocus type	5 4.50	35.00
ANDERSONI. Copper-yellow crocus type7		
ATAMASCO. White. Native of Virginia		
swamps	0 - 2.00	
CANDIDA (Summer Crocus). Pure white,		
crocus-shaped flowers with rush-like foliage.		
Quite hardy. Blooms in the Fall	.50	3.00
LONGIFOLIA. Yellow-bronze crocus type5	0 5.00	
ROSEA (Fairy Lily). Lovely rose-pink flowers1	.0 .75	5.00
TEXANA. The flowers are of the crocus		
type. Golden-yellow inside the petals and a		
beautiful copper-bronze outside	0 3.00	
TREATIAE. Lily-shaped flowers of pure		
white, turning pink with age; flat foliage1	0 .75	
white, turning pink with age; flat foliage1	0 .75	



THE BOOK OF BULBS, by F. F. Rockwell. With this complete and practical well. With this complete and practical book you can get the utmost in beauty from every kind of bulbous plant. Clearly written by one who knows; illustrated with 187 beautiful photographs and instructive drawings. Includes tulip, daffodils, hyacinths, lilies, crocuses, glads, dahlias, peonies, irises, begonias, and scores of other beautiful but not-so-well-known of other beautiful but not-so-well-known bulbs. We recommend it as the best and most complete bulb book. 187 illustrations, 264 pages 2.00

Sent FREE as a premium with an order for \$20.00 worth of bulbs from this catalog at single or dozen rates, if asked for at the same time.



Zantedeschia Aethiopica



Zephyranthes Rosea



Water Lily (Nymphaea)

WATER LILIES

No garden is complete without a water garden or lily pool, and nothing is more beautiful than the fragrant tropical blooms of these improved Water Lilies, with their wax-like petals of so many colors and shades. Water Lilies should be planted in the Spring in the full sun. The pool should be 18 inches to 3 feet deep. In large pools the tubers may be planted in PINE boxes, 2 feet square and one foot deep, one tuber to box. A miniature lily pool can be made with very little trouble by sinking a half-barrel into the lawn, covering the bottom with about eight inches of good garden soil mixed with one-fifth of well rotted cow manure. Cover with one inch of sand and level off well. Plant tubers so the crown is just out of the sand. Fill with water carefully, not disturbing tubers. Do not run too much fresh water into the pool; only enough to take care of evaporation. A few gold fish should be kept in the tub to keep down mosquito larvae.

AMABILIS. Delicate pink, free bloomer. Flowers open wide and petals turn out at tips. Each \$10.00.

ANDREANA. Beautiful apricot rose, gradually fading to red on last day of opening. Good bloomer. One of the best for tub culture. Each \$1.50.

ATTRACTION (New French variety). Blossoms are garnet red and very showy. Flowers 6 to 8 inches across. Each \$7.50.

COMANCHE. Very beautiful combination of orange and glowing amber red. Largest and finest of all varieties having apricot tints. Each \$5.00.

CALIFORNIA. Largest dark blue Lily grown. Leaves are large with scalloped edges and blotched with dark mahogany spots, sepals light green with mahogany stripes, petals dark blue with pointed tips, stamens bright yellow tipped with dark blue. Each \$5.00.

CAERULEA. "Blue Lotus of the Nile." Flowers light blue, fading to nearly white at the base. Stamens yellow; sepals marked with black lines and dots. Each \$1.50.

ESCARBOUCLE. Brilliant crimson carmine with bright yellow centers. Free bloomers. Each \$5.00.

GLORIOSA. Flowers deep carmine rose, 4 to 6 inches across. Each \$3.00.

GLADSTONE. Finest white Lilies in cultivation. Petals concave and broad. Flowers 8 inches across. Each \$2.00.

JAMES BRYDON. Cerise rose blooms. Most popular of the red varieties. Each \$2.50.

MARLIACEA ALBIDA. Large white flowers; stamens light yellow, petals flushed pink; fragrant. Each \$1.00.

METEOR. Very large flower, deep red, streaked with pure white, sepals lined with red. Each \$10.00.

MRS. EDWARD WHITAKER. Flower is a deep lavender blue, lightening as the blossom matures. Open the entire day. Each \$5.00.

PENNSYLVANIA. Blue Lily with yellow stamens; sepals marked on outside with black lines and dots. Each \$3.00.

PANAMA-PACIFIC. A new variety. Buds are bronze green spotted with a reddish brown; when fully opened the flower is a rich rosy purple. Each \$5.00.

PYGMAEA HELVOLA. Canary yellow flowers, 1 to 2 inches across. Each .75.

PAUL HARIOT. Large, light yellow flowers shaded to copper. Leaves spotted brownish red. Each \$2.50.

SUNRISE. Flowers light cream yellow with ruffled petals. Very fine. Each \$5.

TUBEROSA ROSEA. Rosy-pink flowers. Very fragrant. Each \$1.50.

TUBEROSA RICHARDSONI. Pure white flowers. Very large and quite double. Each \$1.00.

VIRGINALIS. A French novelty. Enormous flower, pure white; yellow stamens. Early and late blooming. Each \$15.00.

WM. STONE. Petals royal purple changing to purple blue with pointed tips; stamens golden yellow tipped with purple. Sepals brownish green. Each \$2.00.



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Grown West of the Rocky Mountains
Seventh Annual California Flower Festival
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1931